

## **Power analyzer**

## CVM-C10



## **INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

(M001B01-03-18A)







## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Follow the warnings described in this manual with the symbols shown below.



## DANGER

Warns of a risk, which could result in personal injury or material damage.



## ATTENTION

Indicates that special attention should be paid to a specific point.

## If you must handle the unit for its installation, start-up or maintenance, the following should be taken into consideration:



Incorrect handling or installation of the unit may result in injury to personnel as well as damage to the unit. In particular, handling with voltages applied may result in electric shock, which may cause death or serious injury to personnel. Defective installation or maintenance may also lead to the risk of fire.

Read the manual carefully prior to connecting the unit. Follow all installation and maintenance instructions throughout the unit's working life. Pay special attention to the installation standards of the National Electrical Code.



#### Refer to the instruction manual before using the unit

In this manual, if the instructions marked with this symbol are not respected or carried out correctly, it can result in injury or damage to the unit and /or installations.

CIRCUTOR, SA reserves the right to modify features or the product manual without prior notification.

## DISCLAIMER

**CIRCUTOR, SA** reserves the right to make modifications to the device or the unit specifications set out in this instruction manual without prior notice.

**CIRCUTOR, SA** on its web site, supplies its customers with the latest versions of the device specifications and the most updated manuals.

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## **REVISION LOG**

| Table 1: Revision log. |                |  |  |
|------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Date                   | Revision       | Description  |  |
| 04/14                  | M001B01-03-14A | Initial Version  |  |
| 06/14                  | M001B01-03-14B | Changes in the following sections:<br>3.4 - 4.9 - 4.10 - 5   |  |
| 06/14                  | M001B01-03-14C | Changes in the following sections:<br>4.9.5 - 4.9.6 - 4.10.2.1   |  |
| 11/14                  | M001B01-03-14D | Changes in the following sections:<br>4.9.21 - 4.9.23 - 4.10.2 - 4.10.3 - 5  |  |
| 11/14                  | M001B01-03-14E | Changes in the following sections:<br>3.3.2 - 3.4.2 - 3.4.8 - 4.5 - 4.9 - 4.10.3.1   |  |
| 01/15                  | M001B01-03-15A | Changes in the following sections:<br>2 - 3.3 3.4- 4.1- 4.9.4 -4.9.28 - 4.10 - 4.10.3.2 - 5  |  |
| 10/15                  | M001B01-03-15B | Changes in the following sections:<br>4.2 - 4.5.1 - 4.5.3 - 4.6 - 4.7 - 4.9 - 4.9.1 - 4.9.9 - 4.9.12 -<br>4.9.22 4.9.24 - 4.10.5       |  |
| 12/15                  | M001B01-03-15C | Changes in the following sections:<br>3.2 4 4.3.1 4.9 4.10.3.6 4.10.4 4.10.5 5.  |  |
| 07/16                  | M001B01-03-16A | Changes in the following sections:<br>4.9.23   |  |
| 02/17                  | M001B01-03-17A | Changes in the following sections:<br>2 3.3 3.4 3.5 4.7 4.8 4.9 4.10.3.6 4.10.3.7 - 5  |  |
| 07/17                  | M001B01-03-17B | Changes in the following sections:<br>5 8.   |  |
| 10/17                  | M001B01-03-17C | Changes in the following sections:<br>3.3 - 5.   |  |
| 06/18                  | M001B01-03-18A | Changes in the following sections:<br>2 3.4.2 3.5 4.1 4.5.1 4.5.3 4.8 4.9.5 4.9.23<br>4.10.3.1 4.10.3.7.2 4.9.25 4.9.26 4.10.3.7.13 5. |  |

*Note :* Devices images are for illustrative purposes only and may differ from the actual device.



## **1.- VERIFICATION UPON RECEPTION**

Check the following points when you receive the device:

- a) The device meets the specifications described in your order.
- b) The device has not suffered any damage during transport.
- c) Perform an external visual inspection of the device prior to switching it on.
- d) Check that it has been delivered with the following:
  - An installation guide,
  - 2 Retainers used to attach the device,
  - 5 connectors.



If any problem is noticed upon reception, immediately contact the transport company and/or **CIRCUTOR's** after-sales service.

## **2.- PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

The **CVM-C10** device measures, calculates and displays the main electrical parameters of the following networks: single-phase, two-phase, with and without neutral, balanced three-phase, with ARON measurements or unbalanced. The measurement will be taken in RMS with the three AC voltage inputs and three current inputs.

There are 6 versions of the device, depending on the type of current input:

✓ CVM-C10-ITF, indirect current measurement with /5A or /1A transformers.

✓ **CVM-C10-ITF-IN**, indirect current measurement with /5A or /1A transformers and an input to measure the neutral current.

✓ **CVM-C10-MC**, indirect current measurement with efficient transformers of the MC1 and MC3 series.

✓ **CVM-C10-MC-IN**, indirect current measurement with efficient transformers of the MC1 and MC3 series and an input to measure the neutral current.

✓ CVM-C10-mV indirect current measurement with /0.333V transformers.

✓ CVM-C10-FLEX current measurement through Rogowski sensors.

|   | CIRCUTOR                                      |                             | CVI      | <b>I-C10</b> |
|---|---|-----------------------------|----------|--------------|
| - | 4W 3 Ph                                       | 840<br>11 5<br>12 5<br>11 5 | 38<br>19 |              |
|   | 50<br>50<br>30<br>20<br>POWER cos φ −0.5<br>€ |                             |          | +0,5         |
|   | <   | ≡                           | >        |              |
|   | 8   |                             |          | e<br>IO      |

The device features:

- 3 keys that allow you to browse between the various screens and program the device.
- 3 indicator LEDs: CPU, ALARM and KEY.
- LCD display, displays all parameters,



- 2 digital inputs, used to select the tariff or detect the logic state of external signals.
- 2 digital outputs, fully programmable. (Not available in the CVM-C10-ITF-IN, CVM-C10-MC-IN and CVM-C10-FLEX models)
- 2 alarm relays, fully programmable (Not available in the CVM-C10-FLEX model)
- RS-485 Communications, with two serial protocols: MODBUS RTU© and BACnet.



## 3.- DEVICE INSTALLATION

### **3.1.- PRIOR RECOMMENDATIONS**



In order to use the device safely, it is critical that individuals who handle it follow the safety measures set out in the standards of the country where it is being used, use the necessary personal protective equipment, and pay attention to the various warnings indicated in this instruction manual.

The **CVM-C10** device must be installed by authorised and qualified staff.

The power supply plug must be disconnected and measuring systems switched off before handling, altering the connections or replacing the device. It is dangerous to handle the device while it is powered.

Also, it is critical to keep the cables in perfect condition in order to avoid accidents, personal injury and damage to installations.

The manufacturer of the device is not responsible for any damage resulting from failure by the user or installer to heed the warnings and/or recommendations set out in this manual, nor for damage resulting from the use of non-original products or accessories or those made by other manufacturers.

If an anomaly or malfunction is detected in the device, do not use it to take any measurements.

Inspect the work area before taking any measurements. Do not take measurements in dangerous areas or where there is a risk of explosion.



Disconnect the device from the power supply (device and measuring system power supply) before maintaining, repairing or handling the device's connections. Please contact the after-sales service if you suspect that there is an operational fault in the device.



## **3.2.- INSTALLATION**

The device will be installed on a panel ( $92^{+0.8} \times 92^{+0.8}$  mm panel drill hole, in compliance with DIN 43700). All connections are located inside the electric panel.



Terminals, opening covers or removing elements can expose parts that are hazardous to the touch while the device is powered. Do not use the device until it is fully installed.

The device must be connected to a power circuit that is protected with gl (IEC 269) or M type fuses with a rating of 0.5 to 2 A. It must be fitted with a circuit breaker or equivalent device, in order to be able to disconnect the device from the power supply network.

The power and voltage measuring circuit must be connected with cables that have a minimum cross-section of 1mm<sup>2</sup>.

The secondary line of the current transformer will have a minimum cross-section of 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>.

The temperature rating of insulation of wires connected to the device will be at minimum 62°C.

## 3.3.- CVM-C10-FLEX: ROGOWSKI SENSORS

The **CVM-C10-FLEX** model measures currents using flexible sensors, based on the Rogowski coil principle.

The flexibility of the sensor allows it to measure an alternating current irrespective of the position of the conductor.

**CIRCUTOR** has 2 Rogowski sensor models that can be used with the **CVM-C10-FLEX**: **FLEX-MAG** and **FLEX-BAY**.

Table 3 shows the connection of the sensors and Table 2 the maximum position error.

*Note:* For more information, consult the corresponding sensor guide.







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## CVM-C10

### **3.4.- DEVICE TERMINALS**

## 3.4.1.- LIST OF TERMINALS, CVM-C10-ITF, CVM-C10-MC AND CVM-C10-mV MODELS

| Device terminals                           |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1: A1 Auxiliary power supply.              | 13: I2, digital input 2 / tariff selection   |  |  |  |
| 2: A2 Auxiliary power supply.              | 14: V <sub>L1,</sub> Voltage input L1        |  |  |  |
| 3: Rc, Common relay output                 | 15: V <sub>L2,</sub> Voltage input L2        |  |  |  |
| 4: R2, Relay output 2                      | <b>16: V</b> <sub>L3</sub> ,Voltage input L3 |  |  |  |
| 5: R1, Relay output 1                      | 17: N, Neutral                               |  |  |  |
| 6: CT, Common digital output.              | 18: S1, Current input L1                     |  |  |  |
| 7: T2, Digital output 2                    | 19: S2, Current input L1                     |  |  |  |
| 8: T1, Digital output 1                    | 20: S1, Current input L2                     |  |  |  |
| <b>9: A(+)</b> , RS485                     | 21: S2, Current input L2                     |  |  |  |
| 10: B(-), RS485                            | 22: S1, Current input L3                     |  |  |  |
| 11: GND, for RS485 and digital inputs      | 22: Current input 1 2                        |  |  |  |
| 12: I1, digital input 1 / tariff selection |  |  |  |  |

#### Table 4:List of terminals of the CVM-C10-ITF, CVM-C10-MC and CVM-C10-mV.



Figure 1:Terminals of the CVM-C10-ITF, CVM-C10-MC and CVM-C10-mV.



## 3.4.2.- LIST OF TERMINALS, CVM-C10-ITF-IN AND CVM-C10-MC-IN MODELS.

| Device terminals                           |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| 1: A1 Auxiliary power supply.              | 12: I2, digital input 2 / tariff selection   |  |  |
| 2: A2 Auxiliary power supply.              | <b>13: V</b> <sub>L1,</sub> Voltage input L1 |  |  |
| 3: Rc, Common relay output                 | 14: V <sub>L2,</sub> Voltage input L2        |  |  |
| 4: R2, Relay output 2                      | <b>15: V<sub>L3</sub>,</b> Voltage input L3  |  |  |
| 5: R1, Relay output 1                      | 16: N, Neutral                               |  |  |
| 6: S2, Neutral current input               | 17: S1, Current input L1                     |  |  |
| 7: S1, Neutral current input               | 18: S2, Current input L1                     |  |  |
| 8: A(+), RS485                             | 19: S1, Current input L2                     |  |  |
| 9: B(-), RS485                             | 20: S2, Current input L2                     |  |  |
| 10: GND, for RS485 and digital inputs      | 21: S1, Current input L3                     |  |  |
| 11: I1, digital input 1 / tariff selection | <b>22: S<sub>2</sub></b> , Current input L3  |  |  |

#### Table 5:List of terminals of the CVM-C10-ITF-IN and CVM-C10-MC-IN.



Figure 2:Terminals of the CVM-C10-ITF-IN and CVM-C10-MC-IN.

## 3.4.3.- LIST OF TERMINALS, CVM-C10-FLEX MODEL

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| Device terminals                         |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| 1: A1 Auxiliary power supply.            | <b>10: V</b> <sub>L3</sub> , Voltage input L3 |  |  |
| 2: A2 Auxiliary power supply.            | 11: N, Neutral                                |  |  |
| 3: A(+), RS485                           | 12: L1 Current input L1                       |  |  |
| <b>4: B(-)</b> , RS485                   | 13: L2, Current input L2                      |  |  |
| 5: GND, for RS485 and digital inputs.    | 14: L3, Current input L3                      |  |  |
| 6: I1, digital input 1 / selection rate. | 15: LN, Current input LN                      |  |  |
| 7: 12, digital input 2 / selection rate. | 16: C, Common for current inputs              |  |  |
| 8: V <sub>L1,</sub> Voltage input L1     | 17. SHID OND for ourrent inpute               |  |  |
| 9: V <sub>L2</sub> Voltage input L2      | TT: SHED, GND for current inputs              |  |  |





Figure 3:Terminals of the CVM-C10-FLEX.



## 3.5.1.- MEASURING THREE-PHASE NETWORKS WITH A 4-WIRE CONNECTION, CVM-C10-ITF AND CVM-C10-mV MODEL.



Figure 4: Three-Phase measuring with a 4-wire connection, CVM-C10-ITF and CVM-C10-mV model.



3.5.2.- MEASURING THREE-PHASE NETWORKS WITH A 4-WIRE CONNECTION, CVM-C10-ITF-IN MODEL.



Figure 5: Three-Phase Measuring with a 4-wire connection, CVM-C10-ITF-IN model.



3.5.3.- MEASURING THREE-PHASE NETWORKS WITH A 4-WIRE CONNECTION CVM-C10-MC MODEL.





Note: Do not connect MC current transformers to ground.



The MC transformer secondary value is set to 0.250 A (fixed value)

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3.5.4.- MEASURING THREE-PHASE NETWORKS WITH A 4-WIRE CONNECTION CVM-C10-MC-IN MODEL.



Measurement system: 4 - 3Ph

Figure 7: Three-Phase measuring with a 4-wire connection, CVM-C10-MC-IN model.







## 3.5.5.- MEASURING THREE-PHASE NETWORKS WITH A 4-WIRE CONNECTION, CVM-C10-FLEX MODEL









## 3.5.6.- MEASURING THREE-PHASE NETWORKS WITH A 3-WIRE CONNECTION, CVM-C10-ITF AND CVM-C10-mV MODEL.



Figure 9: Three-Phase measuring with a 3-wire connection, CVM-C10-ITF and CVM-C10-mV model.



3.5.7.- MEASURING THREE-PHASE NETWORKS WITH A 3-WIRE CONNECTION, CVM-C10-MC MODEL.



Figure 10: Three-Phase measuring with a 3-wire connection, CVM-C10-MC model.

Note: Do not connect MC current transformers to ground.



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3.5.8.- MEASURING THREE-PHASE NETWORKS WITH A 3-WIRE CONNECTION, CVM-C10-FLEX MODEL.



Figure 11: Three-Phase measuring with a 3-wire connection, CVM-C10-FLEX model.



It is mandatory connect the SHLD terminal of the probe.



# 3.5.9.- MEASURING THREE-PHASE NETWORKS WITH A 3-WIRE CONNECTION AND TRANSFORMERS WITH AN ARON CONNECTION, CVM-C10-ITF AND CVM-C10-MC MO-DELS.







3.5.10.- MEASURING TWO-PHASE NETWORKS WITH A 3-WIRE CONNECTION, CVM-C10-ITF, CVM-C10-MC AND CVM-C10-mV MODELS.

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Figure 13: Measuring Two-Phase Networks with a 3-wire connection, CVM-C10-ITF, CVM-C10-MC and CVM-C10-mV models.

| $\bigwedge$ | <b>CVM-C10-ITF</b> model:<br>The transformer secondary value must be 5A or 1A                  |
|-------------|--|
|             | <b>CVM-C10-MC</b> model:<br>The MC transformer secondary value is set to 0.250 A (fixed value) |
|             | <b>CVM-C10-mV</b> model:<br>The transformer secondary value must be 0.333 V                    |



3.5.11.- MEASURING TWO-PHASE NETWORKS WITH A 3-WIRE CONNECTION, CVM-C10-ITF-IN AND CVM-C10-MC-IN MODELS.



Figure 14: Measuring Two-Phase Networks with a 3-wire connection, CVM-C10-ITF-IN and CVM-C10-MC-IN models.

| <b>CVM-C10-ITF-IN</b> model:<br>The transformer secondary value must be 5A or 1A |
|--|
| <br>CVM-C10-MC-IN model:   |
| The MC transformer secondary value is set to 0.250 A (fixed value)               |

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3.5.12.- MEASURING TWO-PHASE NETWORKS WITH A 3-WIRE CONNECTION, CVM-C10-FLEX MODEL.



Figure 15: Measuring Two-Phase Networks with a 3-wire connection, CVM-C10-FLEX model.



It is mandatory connect the **SHLD** terminal of the probe.



## 3.5.13.- MEASURING SINGLE-PHASE NETWORKS, PHASE TO PHASE, WITH A 2-WIRE CONNECTION, CVM-C10-ITF, CVM-C10-MC AND CVM-C10-mV MODELS.



Figure 16: Measuring Single-Phase Networks, phase to phase, with a 2-wire connection, CVM-C10-ITF, CVM-C10-MC and CVM-C10-mV models.

CVM-C10-ITF model: The transformer secondary value must be 5A or 1A CVM-C10-MC model: The MC transformer secondary value is set to 0.250 A (fixed value) CVM-C10-mV model: The transformer secondary value must be 0.333 V

3.5.14.- MEASURING SINGLE-PHASE NETWORKS, PHASE TO PHASE, WITH A 2-WIRE CONNECTION, CVM-C10-FLEX MODEL.



Figure 17: Measuring Single-Phase Networks, phase to phase, with a 2-wire connection, CVM-C10-FLEX model.



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It is mandatory connect the SHLD terminal of the probe.



## 3.5.15.- MEASURING SINGLE-PHASE NETWORKS, PHASE TO NEUTRAL, WITH A 2-WIRE CONNECTION, CVM-C10-ITF, CVM-C10-MC AND CVM-C10-mV MODELS.

Measurement system: 2 - IPh



Figure 18: Measuring Single-Phase Networks, phase to neutral, with a 2-wire connection, CVM-C10-ITF, CVM-C10-MC and CVM-C10-mV models.

|   | <b>CVM-C10-ITF</b> model:<br>The transformer secondary value must be 5A or 1A |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| CVM-C10-MC model:<br>The MC transformer secondary value is set to 0.250 A (fixed value) |   |  |  |  |  |
|   | <b>CVM-C10-mV</b> model:<br>The transformer secondary value must be 0.333 V   |  |  |  |  |

3.5.16.- MEASURING SINGLE-PHASE NETWORKS, PHASE TO NEUTRAL, WITH A 2-WIRE CONNECTION, CVM-C10-FLEX MODEL.

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Figure 19: Measuring Single-Phase Networks, phase to neutral, with a 2-wire connection, CVM-C10-FLEX model.





## **4.- OPERATION**

The **CVM-C10** is a four-quadrant power analyzer (consumption and generation). The device can operate according to three different measurement conventions:

- ✓ CIRCUTOR measurement convention.
- ✓ **IEC** measurement convention.
- ✓ IEEE measurement convention.

The measurement convention is configured in the setup menu, see "4.9.8. Measurement convention".

CIRCUTOR. measurement convention





✓ IEC measurement convention

Operation in the 4 quadrants (Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4)

 $\cos \phi$  values in the receiver operating mode (Q1,Q4)



Figure 21:Convenio de medida IEC.

✓ IEEE measurement convention

Operation in the 4 quadrants (Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4)

 $\cos \phi$  values in the receiver operating mode (Q1,Q4)



Figure 22:Convenio de medida IEEE.

**4.1.- MEASURING PARAMETERS** 

The device displays the electrical parameters shown in Table 7.

| Parameter   | Units   | Phases<br>L1-L2-L3 | Total<br>III | N            |
|---|---------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Phase-neutral voltage   | Vph-N   | $\checkmark$       |              |              |
| Phase-phase voltage   | Vph-ph  | $\checkmark$       | √            |              |
| Current   | A       | $\checkmark$       | ✓            | $\checkmark$ |
| Frequency   | Hz      | $\checkmark$       | ✓            |              |
| Active power  | M/kW    | $\checkmark$       | $\checkmark$ |              |
| Apparent power  | M/kVA   | $\checkmark$       | $\checkmark$ |              |
| Total Reactive Power  | M/kvar  | $\checkmark$       | √            |              |
| Total Reactive Power - Consumption                              | M/kvar  | $\checkmark$       | √            |              |
| Total Reactive Power - Generation                               | M/kvar  | ✓                  | √            |              |
| Total Inductive Reactive Power                                  | M/kvarL | ✓                  | √            |              |
| Inductive Reactive Power - Consumption                          | M/kvarL | ✓                  | ✓            |              |
| Inductive Reactive Power - Generation                           | M/kvarL | ✓                  | √            |              |
| Total Capacitive Reactive Power                                 | M/kvarC | ✓                  | ✓            |              |
| Capacitive Reactive Power - Consumption                         | M/kvarC | ✓                  | ✓            |              |
| Capacitive Reactive Power - Generation                          | M/kvarC | ✓                  | ✓            |              |
| Power factor  | PF      | $\checkmark$       | √            |              |
| Cosφ  | φ       | ✓                  | ✓            |              |
| THD % Voltage   | % THD V | ✓                  |              |              |
| THD % Current   | % THD A | ✓                  |              |              |
| Harmonic Breakdown - Voltage<br>(up to the 31st order harmonic) | harm V  | ~                  |              |              |

Table 7: Measuring parameters of the CVM-C10.

| Parameter   | Units             | Phases<br>L1-L2-L3 | Total<br>III | N            |
|---|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Harmonic Breakdown - Current<br>(up to the 31st order harmonic) | harm V            | $\checkmark$       |              |              |
| Total Active Energy   | M/kWh             |                    | √            |              |
| Total Inductive Reactive Energy                                 | M/kvarLh          |                    | √            |              |
| Total Capacitive Reactive Energy                                | M/kvarCh          |                    | √            |              |
| Total Apparent Energy   | M/kVAh            |                    | ✓            |              |
| Active Energy Tariff 1  | M/kWh             |                    | ✓            |              |
| Inductive Reactive Energy Tariff 1                              | M/kvarLh          |                    | ✓            |              |
| Capacitive Reactive Energy Tariff 1                             | M/kvarCh          |                    | ✓            |              |
| Apparent Energy Tariff 1  | M/kVAh            |                    | ✓            |              |
| Active Energy Tariff 2  | M/kWh             |                    | ✓            |              |
| Inductive Reactive Energy Tariff 2                              | M/kvarLh          |                    | ✓            |              |
| Capacitive Reactive Energy Tariff 2                             | M/kvarCh          |                    | ✓            |              |
| Apparent Energy Tariff 2  | M/kVAh            |                    | ✓            |              |
| Active Energy Tariff 3  | M/kWh             |                    | ✓            |              |
| Inductive Reactive Energy Tariff 3                              | M/kvarLh          |                    | ✓            |              |
| Capacitive Reactive Energy Tariff 3                             | M/kvarCh          |                    | ✓            |              |
| Apparent Energy Tariff 3  | M/kVAh            |                    | ✓            |              |
| Maximum Current Demand  | A                 | ✓                  | ✓            |              |
| Maximum Demand of Active power                                  | M/kW              |                    | ✓            |              |
| Maximum Demand of Apparent Power                                | M/kVA             |                    | ✓            |              |
| Maximum Demand of inductive Reactive Power                      | M/kvarLh          |                    | ✓            |              |
| Maximum Demand of capacitive Reactive Power                     | M/kvarCh          |                    | ✓            |              |
| Parameter   | Units             | Tariff: T1-T2-T3   |              | Total        |
| No. of hours  | hours             | $\checkmark$       |              | $\checkmark$ |
| Cost  | COST              | $\checkmark$       |              | $\checkmark$ |
| CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions                                       | kgCO <sub>2</sub> | $\checkmark$       |              | $\checkmark$ |
|   |                   |                    |              |              |

Table 7 (Continuation) : Measuring parameters of the CVM-C10.

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## **4.2.- KEYBOARD FUNCTIONS**

The **CVM-C10** has 3 keys that allow you to browse between the various screens and program the device.

Key functions on measuring screens (Table 8):

| Кеу           | Short keystroke | Long keystroke<br>(2 s)  |
|---------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| $\langle$     | Previous screen | Display of minimum value |
| $\rightarrow$ | Next screen     | Display of maximum value |

| Table 8: Key | / functions o | n measuring | screens. |
|--------------|---------------|-------------|----------|
|--------------|---------------|-------------|----------|

| CIRCUTOR | ) |
|----------|---|
|----------|---|

| Кеу               | Short keystroke                                      | Long keystroke<br>(2 s)        |
|-------------------|--|--------------------------------|
|                   | Browsing the different profiles (analyzer, user, e3) | Accessing the programming menu |
| $\equiv$ >        |  | Display of the Maximum Demand  |
| $\langle \equiv$  |  | Active alarm information       |
| $\langle \rangle$ |  | Unlocks the active alarm       |

Table 8 (Continuation) : Key functions on measuring screens.

Key functions on harmonics screens (Table 9):

| Table 9: Key functions on harmonics screens. |   |                                |
|--|---|--------------------------------|
| Кеу  | Short keystroke                           | Long keystroke<br>(2 s)        |
| $\langle$                                    | Output of the harmonics screens           |                                |
| $\rightarrow$                                | Next screen                               |                                |
|  | Browsing the different types of harmonics | Accessing the programming menu |

Key functions on the programming menu, query mode (Table 10):

| Key           | Short keystroke | Long keystroke<br>(2 s)                       |
|---------------|-----------------|---|
| $\langle$     | Previous screen | Programming output                            |
| $\rightarrow$ | Next screen     | Programming output                            |
|               |                 | Opening the programming menu in the edit mode |

#### Table 10: Key functions on the programming menu, query mode.

Key functions on the programming menu, edit mode (Table 11):

| Table 11: Key functions or | the programming menu, | edit mode. |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------|
|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------|

| Key | Keystroke  |
|-----|--|
|     | Line jump.   |
|     | Increases the digits (0-9) or rotates between the different options. |
|     | Moves an editable digit (flashing)                                   |



## 4.3.- DISPLAY

The device has a backlit LCD display showing all the parameters listed in **Table 3**. The display is divided into four areas (**Figure 23**):



Figure 23: CVM-C10 Display areas

 $\checkmark$  The area with **data per phase** displays the instantaneous, maximum and minimum values of each phase being measured or calculated by the device.

 $\checkmark$  The **total data** area displays the totals of the values being measured or calculated by the device.

✓ **Analogue bar,** displays the % of the current power of the installation.

**Cos**  $\phi$  - **PF Bar**, displays the value of the system's Cos  $\phi$  or power factor in real time.

### 4.3.1. $\cos \phi$ - PF (POWER FACTOR) BAR



Figure 24: Cos φ - PF Bar

This bar displays the value of the installation's  $\cos \varphi$  or power factor in real time. The parameter that will be displayed is selected on the programming menu. ("4.9.14. Selecting the Cos  $\varphi$  - *PF bar on the display*")

*Note :* This bar will not be displayed in the IEC and IEEE measurement conventions.



## 4.3.2. ANALOGUE BAR



Figure 25: Analogue Bar

The analogue bar displays two parameters:

## ✓ Current power of the installation in %

This parameter is displayed in 12 divisions, each one represents 10%, into which the analogue bar is divided.

The device calculates the current power of the installation using the formula:

### $P = V^*I^*cos(\phi)$

Where the voltage and the  $cos(\phi)$  are the installation's current values.

The current is referenced in its full scale. (100% is the full scale of the device and a value above 100% indicates that it is out of range).

✓ **The maximum system demand reached**, i.e., the maximum power value reached since the device was started, expressed as a percentage.

This value is displayed with the icon 4.

The value and the maximum and minimum values are reset. ("4.9.15. Deleting maximum and minimum values")

*Example:* Figure 25 shows that the installation performance is 50% and that the maximum demand of the system is 80%.

## 4.3.3. OTHER SYMBOLS ON THE DISPLAY

The following are also shown on the display:

### ✓ Type of installation

The type of installation to which the device is connected can be selected on the programming menu, (*"4.9.9. Type of installation"*). The selected type is shown on the top left of the display.

### ✓ State of digital inputs

If the digital inputs have been activated, the top left of the display will show the icons **I1 I2** that indicate that the digital input is active.


4.4.- LED INDICATORS

The CVM-C10 device has 3 LEDs:

- **CPU**, indicates that the device is on, flashing each second.
- ALARM, indicates that an alarm has been activated if it is on
- **KEY**, LED that is lit when any key is pressed.



Figure 26:LED Indicators of the CVM-C10.

#### 4.5.- OPERATION PROFILES

The **CVM-C10** has 3 operation profiles. The display screens will be opened for the corresponding profile:

- ✓ Analyzer profile, analyzer,
- ✓ Electrical energy efficiency profile, e<sup>3</sup>,
- ✓ User profile, **user**,

#### 4.5.1. ANALYZER PROFILE

This profile is identified with the **analyzer** symbol on the bottom of the screen (Figure 27)



Figure 27: CVM-C10 screen with the analyzer profile.



The device displays 11 different screens for the **analyzer** profile (**Table 12**) and the voltage and current harmonics, up to the 31st order harmonic, for each one of the lines, L1, L2 and L3. (*"4.6.- HARMONICS"*)

Use keys  $\blacksquare$  and  $\blacksquare$  to browse the different screens.

The **inst** symbol on the bottom of the screen indicates that the values being displayed are of the instantaneous type.

| Screen  | Parameters (units)  |
|---|---|
| 4W 3 Ph<br>→ ()<br>120<br>110<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>100   | phase-phase Voltage L1-L2 (V <sup>ph-ph</sup> )<br>phase-phase Voltage L2-L3 (V <sup>ph-ph</sup> )<br>phase-phase Voltage L3-L1 (V <sup>ph-ph</sup> )<br>Frequency (Hz)   |
| 4W 3 Ph<br>→ ⊖ V <sub>ph-N</sub><br>%<br>MAX L1<br>120<br>110<br>100<br>900<br>800<br>600<br>600<br>600<br>600<br>600<br>600<br>6 | phase-neutral Voltage L1 (V <sup>ph-N</sup> )<br>phase-neutral Voltage L2 (V <sup>ph-N</sup> )<br>phase-neutral Voltage L3 (V <sup>ph-N</sup> )<br>Frequency (Hz)   |
| 4W 3 Ph<br>6<br>7<br>120<br>110<br>100<br>900<br>800<br>900<br>800<br>122<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>1          | Current L1 (A)<br>Current L2 (A)<br>Current L3 (A)<br>Neutral Current (A) <sup>(2)</sup><br><sup>(2)</sup> Not available for the $\exists - \exists Ph$ and<br>$\exists - \exists r \Box \Pi$ installation types. |
| 4W 3 Ph<br>→ ⊖ KW<br>%<br>MAX L1<br>120<br>110<br>100<br>90<br>80<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>1      | Active Power L1 (M/K W)<br>Active Power L2 (M/K W)<br>Active Power L3 (M/K W)<br>Active Power III (M/K W)<br>The generation values are not measured<br>when the 2 quadrant option is selected.                    |

Table 12: Analyzer profile screens.



Table 12 (Continuation) : Analyzer profile screens.

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Also displayed on these screens are:

# ✓ Maximum values

To see the maximum values of the screen being displayed, press the key for 2 seconds. These are displayed for 30 seconds.

The max symbol is shown on the display (Figure 28)

The maximum and minimum values are reset on the programming menu.

("4.9.15. Deleting maximum and minimum values")

| 4W 3 Pł        | v <sup>ph-ph</sup>   |               |               |
|----------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| %<br>120       | MAX L1/2             | 5 18          | 9             |
| 100<br>90      | <b>L2</b> /3         | ξŻΆ           | ĨĀ            |
| 70<br>60       | <b>L3</b> /1         | נָּק <u>ָ</u> | ΪĞ            |
| 40<br>30<br>20 |                      | ជីភ្នំក       | ĨŚ            |
| 10<br>POWER    | Hz .<br>cosφ -0,5 -1 | <br><br>      | <b>M</b> +0,5 |
|                |                      | max           | analyzer      |

Figure 28: Analyzer profile screen displaying the maximum values.

# ✓ Minimum values

To see the minimum values of the screen being displayed, press the key for 2 seconds. These are displayed for 30 seconds.

The min symbol will be displayed (Figure 29)

The maximum and minimum values are reset on the programming menu.

("4.9.15. Deleting maximum and minimum values")





Figure 29: Analyzer profile screen displaying the minimum values.

#### ✓ Maximum Demand

The device calculates the maximum demand of the following:

- Current
- Three-Phase Active Power.
- Three-Phase Apparent Power.
- Three-Phase Inductive Reactive Power
- Three-Phase Capacitive Reactive Power

This value can be displayed on the display screen of the parameter by pressing the  $\square$  and  $\square$  keys at the same time.

The dem symbol appears on the display (Figure 30)



Figure 30: Analyzer profile screen displaying the maximum demand values.

Press keys or to stop displaying the maximum demand values. The maximum demand values are reset on the programming menu: "4.9.11. Deleting maximum demand"

# 4.5.2. e<sup>3</sup> PROFILE

This profile is identified with the e<sup>3</sup> symbol on the bottom of the screen (Figure 31).



Figure 31: CVM-C10 screen with the e<sup>3</sup> profile.

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The installation's consumed and generated energy are displayed on the e<sup>3</sup> profile of the device.

The installation status is also displayed:

- $\mathbf{v}^{\Theta}$  Installation is consuming energy.
- $\bullet$  Installation is generating energy.

A long keystroke (3 sec) of key will display the generation values.

The generation values are identified with the negative sign on the screen, which appears in front of each parameter.

A long keystroke (3 sec) of key K will display the consumption values.

Use keys and to browse the different screens (short keystroke).

| Screen  | Parameters (units)  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 4W 3 Ph<br>→ Θ<br>KWh<br>120<br>120<br>120<br>120<br>120<br>120<br>120<br>120 | Active Energy Tariff 1 , T1 (M/KWh)<br>Active Energy Tariff 2 , T2 (M/KWh)<br>Active Energy Tariff 3 , T3 (M/KWh)<br>Total Active Energy (M/KWh)<br><i>Consumption and generation values</i><br><i>Only available for the 4 quadrant option.</i>  |  |  |  |  |
| 4W 3 Ph   | Apparent Energy Tariff 1, T1 (M/KVAh)<br>Apparent Energy Tariff 2, T2 (M/KVAh)<br>Apparent Energy Tariff 3, T3 (M/KVAh)<br>Total Apparent Energy (M/KVAh)<br><i>Consumption and generation values</i><br><i>Only available for the 4 quadrant option.</i>   |  |  |  |  |
| 4W 3 Ph<br>% MAX<br>120<br>110<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>100      | Inductive Reactive Energy Tariff 1, T1 (M/Kvar <sup>L</sup> h)<br>Inductive Reactive Energy Tariff 2, T2 (M/Kvar <sup>L</sup> h)<br>Inductive Reactive Energy Tariff 3, T3 (M/Kvar <sup>L</sup> h)<br>Total Inductive Reactive Energy (M/Kvar <sup>L</sup> h)<br><i>Consumption and generation values</i><br><i>Only available for the 4 quadrant option.</i> |  |  |  |  |

Table 13: Screens of the e<sup>3</sup> profile.



| Screen   | Parameters (units)  |
|--|---|
| 4W 3 Ph<br>→ 8<br>Kvar <sub>c</sub> h<br>4W 3 Ph<br>→ 8<br>Kvar <sub>c</sub> h<br>120<br>110<br>100<br>90<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>1 | Capacitive Reactive Energy Tariff 1, T1 (M/Kvar <sub>c</sub> h)<br>Capacitive Reactive Energy Tariff 2, T2 (M/Kvar <sub>c</sub> h)<br>Capacitive Reactive Energy Tariff 3, T3 (M/Kvar <sub>c</sub> h)<br>Total Capacitive Reactive Energy (M/Kvar <sub>c</sub> h)<br><i>Consumption and generation values</i><br><i>Only available for the 4 quadrant option.</i> |
| 4W 3 Ph  | Cost Tariff 1, T1 (cost)<br>Cost Tariff 2, T2 (cost)<br>Cost Tariff 3, T3 (cost)<br>Total Cost (cost)<br>Consumption and generation values  |
| 4W 3 Ph<br>→ 8<br>kgCO <sub>2</sub><br>9/6<br>MAX<br>T1<br>T2<br>T2<br>T2<br>T2<br>T2<br>T2<br>T3<br>T3<br>T3<br>T3<br>T3<br>T3<br>T3<br>T3<br>T3<br>T3              | CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions Tariff 1, T1 (kgCO <sub>2</sub> )<br>CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions Tariff 2, T2 (kgCO <sub>2</sub> )<br>CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions Tariff 3, T3 (kgCO <sub>2</sub> )<br>Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions (kgCO <sub>2</sub> )<br><i>Consumption and generation values</i>   |
| 4W 3 Ph<br>→ 0<br>hours<br>hours<br>120<br>110<br>110<br>110<br>110<br>100<br>100<br>100   | No. of hours Tariff 1, T1(hours)<br>No. of hours Tariff 2, T2(hours)<br>No. of hours Tariff 3, T3(hours)<br>Total No. of hours (hours)  |

Table 13 (Continuation) : Screens of the e<sup>3</sup> profile.

Symbols **T1**, **T2** and **T3** on the display indicate the three tariffs available on the device. The corresponding symbol flashes to indicate the selected tariff.



# 4.5.3. USER

This profile is identified with the **user** symbol on the bottom of the screen (Figure 32).



Figure 32: Screen of the CVM-C10 with the user profile.

This profile displays the screens selected in the programming menu ("4.9.12. Selecting the operation profile").

**Note :** If you have not selected the display of any screen, the device will restart and display the **Phase-Neutral Voltage** screen by default.

The voltage and current harmonics are also displayed, up to the 31st order harmonic, for each of the lines, L1, L2 and L3 ("*4.6.- HARMONICS*.")

4.6.- HARMONICS

The device can display the voltage and current harmonics, up to the 31st order harmonic, for each one of the lines, L1, L2 and L3.

The display of these can be deactivated using the programming menu ("4.9.18. Activating the harmonics display screen.").

Press the key on the last profile screen to show all operation profiles on the harmonics display screens.

Harmonics are displayed as shown on Figure 33.



Figure 33: CVM-C10 Current harmonics screen.

Press key to open the next harmonics screen.



Press key 🔳 to display the different types of harmonics:

- Voltage harmonics L1- L2 L3
- Current harmonics L1- L2 -L3

#### 4.7.- INPUTS

The **CVM-C10** has two digital inputs (terminals 12 and 13 on **Figure 1**, **Figure 2** and **Figure 3**) that can be programmed to operate as a logic or tariff selection input.

If configured as a logic input, the device displays the status of that input.

See "4.9.27. Operating mode of digital input 1" and "4.9.28. Operating mode of digital input 2"

The selected tariff can be determined in accordance with the status of the inputs, as shown in **Table 14**.

| IN1, I      | nput 1           | IN2, I      | nput 2           | Toriff |
|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|--------|
| Logic input | Tariff selection | Logic input | Tariff selection | Idiiii |
| х           |                  | х           |                  | T1     |
| х           |                  |             | 0                | T1     |
| Х           |                  |             | 1                | Т3     |
|             | 0                | Х           |                  | T1     |
|             | 1                | Х           |                  | T2     |
|             | 0                |             | 0                | T1     |
|             | 0                |             | 1                | Т3     |
|             | 1                |             | 0                | T2     |
|             | 1                |             | 1                | T1     |

 Table 14: Selecting the tariff in accordance with the input status.

#### 4.8.- OUTPUTS

The device features:

✓ Two alarm relays (terminals 3, 4 and 5, as shown in **Figure 1, Figure 2** and **Figure 3**), fully programmable, see *"4.9.23. Programming alarm 1 (Relay 1)"* and *"4.9.24. Programming alarm 2 (Relay 2)*"

✓ Two digital outputs, optoisolated NPN transistors (terminals 6, 7 and 8 on Figure 1 and Figure 3), fully programmable, see *"4.9.25. Programming alarm 3 (Digital output T1)"* and *"4.9.26. Programming alarm 4 (Digital output T2)"*.

**Note:** The digital outputs are not available on models **CVM-C10-ITF-IN**, **CVM-C10-MC-IN** and **CVM-C10-FLEX** 



# 4.9.- PROGRAMMING

From the programming menu you can:

- ✓ Lock the status of the menu.
- $\checkmark$  Define the transformation ratios.
- ✓ Select the number of quadrants and type of installation.
- ✓ Select the operation profile of the device.
- $\checkmark$  Program the carbon emission ratio, kgCO<sub>2</sub>.
- ✓ Program the cost ratio.
- ✓ Program the maximum demand parameters.
- ✓ Delete the energy meters and the maximum and minimum values.
- ✓ Modify the display's backlight.
- ✓ Activate the harmonic display option.
- ✓ Program alarms.
- ✓ Program Modbus communications

The programming parameters are validated as follows:

✓ When on reaching the last point on the programming menu ("4.9.30. Locking the programming") the key is pressed

 $\checkmark$  At any point in the programming, by pressing the key  $\checkmark$  or  $\checkmark$  pressing for 3 seconds.

If the device is RESET before validation or no key is pressed for 30 seconds, the configuration will not be stored in the memory.

To enter the programming menu press the 🔳 key for 3 seconds.

The home screen of the menu indicates whether the menu is locked or not:



#### UnlOE

When you enter the programming menu you can view and modify the programming. Icon  $\bullet$  on the display indicates that the unit is not locked.

LOE

When you enter the programming you can view the programming but not modify it. Icon indicates the locking status.

Press key to access the first programming step.

The following screen will be displayed if the programming menu is locked, LDC:





Enter the password in this screen to modify the programming parameters.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the password. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the 🔳 key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

To validate the data, press 📕 for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

If the password is correct, the icon will change its status to not locked  $\bullet$ .

If you do not enter the password or it is incorrect, you can open the programming menu but it cannot be modified.

The programming menu is unlocked for a short period of time and it will be locked again when you exit the device's menu.

To permanently unlock the device, select the programming parameter "4.9.30. Locking the programming"

Press key to access the next programming step.

Default password: 1234.

#### 4.9.1. PRIMARY VOLTAGE



On this screen the voltage transformer primary is programmed. Press key for 3 seconds to edit the transformer primary value. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

The programmed value will be deleted if the entered value is higher than the maximum programming value.

#### Maximum programming value: 599999.



Minimum programming value: 1. Voltage ratio x Primary Current < 600000

Note: The ratio is the relation between the primary and the secondary.

Press key to access the next programming step.

# 4.9.2. SECONDARY VOLTAGE



On this screen the voltage transformer secondary is programmed. Press key for 3 seconds to edit the transformer secondary value. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the E key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

The programmed value will be deleted if the entered value is higher than the maximum programming value.

Maximum programming value: 999. Minimum programming value: 1.

Press key to access the next programming step.

# 4.9.3. PRIMARY CURRENT



The current transformer primary is programmed on this screen. Press key for 3 seconds to edit the transformer primary value. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the remaining values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.



To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

The programmed value will be deleted if the entered value is higher than the maximum programming value.

Maximum programming value: 10000. Minimum programming value: 1. Voltage ratio x Current ratio < 600000

*Note:* The ratio is the relation between the primary and the secondary.

Press key **b** to access the next programming step

## 4.9.4. SECONDARY CURRENT (MODEL CVM-C10-ITF)



On this screen the current transformer secondary is selected. Press key for 3 seconds to edit the transformer secondary value. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

Press key to browse the two possible options for the current transformer secondary (1A or 5A).

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step

#### 4.9.5. PRIMARY NEUTRAL CURRENT (MODELS: CVM-C10-ITF-IN AND CVM-C10-MC-IN)



The neutral current transformer primary is programmed on this screen.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the transformer primary value. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the 🔳 key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the remaining values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

To validate the data, press 📕 for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

The programmed value will be deleted if the entered value is higher than the maximum programming value.



# Maximum programming value: 10000.

Minimum programming value: 1.

Press key 🕑 to access the next programming step

# 4.9.6. SECUNDARY NEUTRAL CURRENT (MODEL CVM-C10-ITF-IN)



The neutral current transformer secundary is programmed on this screen.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the transformer secundary value. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

Press key to browse the two possible options for the current transformer secondary (1A or 5A).

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step

## 4.9.7. NUMBER OF QUADRANTS



The quadrant number on which the unit takes the measurement is selected on this screen.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the number of quadrants. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

Press key to browse the two options: 2 or 4 quadrants.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key 🕑 to access the next programming step

#### **4.9.8. MEASUREMENT CONVENTION**



You can select the measurement convention of the device from this screen.

To edit the measurement convention press key for 3 seconds. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

The key 📕 is used to browse the different options:

*C ir* **Circutor** measurement convention.

*IEC* measurement convention.



I EEE IEEE measurement convention.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.

# **4.9.9. TYPE OF INSTALLATION**



The type of installation is selected on this screen.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the type of installation. The prog icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

The E key is used to browse the different options

*Y* - *3Ph* Three-phase network measurement with a 4-wire connection.

3 - 3Ph Three-phase network measurement with a 3-wire connection.

3-R-00 Three-phase network measurement with a 3-wire connection and transformers with an ARON connection .

*3-2Ph* Two-phase network measurement with a 3-wire connection.

*2* - *2* P h Single-phase network measurement, phase to phase, with a 2-wire connection.
 *2* - *1* P h Single-phase network measurement, phase to neutral, with a 2-wire connection.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.

#### 4.9.10. MAXIMUM DEMAND INTEGRATION PERIOD



The maximum demand integration period is programmed in minutes on this screen.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the integration period value. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the 🔳 key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

To validate the data, press effor 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.



The programmed value will be deleted if the entered value is higher than the maximum programming value.

Maximum programming value: 60. Minimum programming value: 0.

*Note:* Programming the value **0** disables the calculation of the maximum demand.

Press key to access the next programming step.

# 4.9.11. DELETING MAXIMUM DEMAND



To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key 🕑 to access the next programming step

# 4.9.12. SELECTING THE OPERATION PROFILE



To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step

the



# ✓ Selecting the screens that will be displayed (User profile)

The following screen is displayed if you have selected the **user** profile:



This screen is used to select whether the unit's display screens are defined by the user or not.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

Press key 📕 to browse the two profile options:

**G E 5** the display screens are those that were stored in previous programming settings of the device. (In the case of new devices, these will be the same as those of **analyzer** profile)

□ □, the display screens are selected.

To validate the data, press 📕 for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step

# ✓ Selecting the screens

The following screen will be displayed if you have selected *P* **D** :



This screen displays the first screen of the **analyzer** profile, *Phase-phase Voltage* and the **user** profile viewing option can be selected.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

Press key 📃 to browse the two options:

 $\exists E 5$ , to display the screen in the user menu.  $\square \square$ , to stop displaying the screen.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key D to access the next programming step

This programming step is repeated for each one of the 18 screens of the device.

# 4.9.13. BACKLIGHT, TURNING ON THE BACKLIT DISPLAY



CIRCUTOR

The time that the Backlight will stay lit (in seconds) is programmed on this screen after the last keystroke on the unit .

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the backlight value. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the 🔳 key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Maximum programming value: 99 seconds. Minimum programming value: 0 seconds.

**Note:** The value **00** indicates that the backlight will stay permanently lit. Press key to access the next programming step.

# 4.9.14. SELECTING THE Cos $\varphi$ - PF BAR ON THE DISPLAY



To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.



## 4.9.15. DELETING MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM VALUES



On this screen you select whether or not to delete the maximum and minimum values

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

Press key 🔳 to browse the two options (Yes and No).

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.

## 4.9.16. DELETING ENERGY VALUES



On this screen you select whether or not to delete the energy values Press key for 3 seconds to edit the selection. The **prog** icon

will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

Press key to browse the two options (Yes and No).

To validate the data, press 📕 for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.

#### 4.9.17. SELECTING THE RANGE OF ENERGIES



The operation of the range of energy is selected on this screen. Press key for 3 seconds to edit the selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

Press the key to browse different options:

RUED The device displays the kWh and MWh. When the energy value reaches 999999kWh, the device automatically selects the MWh range.

5HDrE The device only displays the KWh. When the energy value reaches 999999kWh, the device resets the measurement to 0kWh.

#### To validate the modification of the range of energies, delete the energy values first.

To do so, press the validation key for 3 seconds; the energy value deletion screen will be displayed. Select YES to delete the energy values; the device will go back to the energy range selection screen.



CIRCUTOR

To complete the validation, press the 🔳 key for 3 seconds; the prog icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.





To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.

# 4.9.19. kgC0<sub>2</sub> CARBON EMISSION RATIO OF GENERATED ENERGY



The carbon emissions ratio is the amount of emissions released into the atmosphere to produce a unit of electricity (1 kWh). The ratio for the European mix is approximately 0.65 kgCO<sub>2</sub> per kWh.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the emission ratio selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

The emission ratio of the 3 tariffs of the device, T1, T2 and T3, is programmed on this screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again. Press key to browse the different tariffs.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

The programmed value will be deleted if the entered value is higher than the maximum programming value.

Maximum programming value: 1.9999. Minimum programming value: 0.



Press key to access the next programming step.

#### 4.9.20. kgC0, CARBON EMISSION RATIO OF CONSUMED ENERGY



The carbon emissions ratio is the amount of emissions released into the atmosphere to produce a unit of electricity (1 kWh). The ratio for the European mix is approximately 0.65 kgCO<sub>2</sub> per kWh.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the emission ratio selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

The emission ratio of the 3 tariffs of the device, T1, T2 and T3, is programmed on this screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the 📕 key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

Press key **L** to browse the different tariffs.

To validate the data, press E for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

The programmed value will be deleted if the entered value is higher than the maximum programming value.

#### Maximum programming value: 1.9999. Minimum programming value: 0.

Press key to access the next programming step.

#### 4.9.21. COST RATIO OF GENERATED ENERGY



The cost per kWh of electricity of the three tariffs of the unit is calculated on this screen.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the cost ratio selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen. To enter or modify the value, press the key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key



to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

Press key **L** to browse the different tariffs.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

The programmed value will be deleted if the entered value is higher than the maximum programming value.

Maximum programming value: 1.9999. Minimum programming value: 0.

Press key to access the next programming step.

# 4.9.22. COST RATIO OF CONSUMED ENERGY



The cost per kWh of electricity of the three tariffs of the unit is calculated on this screen.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the cost ratio selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen. To enter or modify the value, press the key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

Press key different tariffs.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

The programmed value will be deleted if the entered value is higher than the maximum programming value.

Maximum programming value: 1.9999. Minimum programming value: 0.

Press key to access the next programming step.



## 4.9.23. PROGRAMMING ALARM 1 (RELAY 1)

Note : Configuration parameters not available for the CVM-C10-FLEX model.



The variable code is selected on this screen, depending on **Table 15**, which will control alarm relay 1.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the code selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

When you enter the code of a variable on the display, the symbols for that variable will be activated.

Set the value to 00 if you do not wish to program a variable.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

To validate the data, press  $\blacksquare$  for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display. Press key  $\square$  to access the next programming step.

| Parameter                        | Phase | Code | Phase | Code | Phase | Code | Phase | Code |
|----------------------------------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|
| Phase-Neutral Voltage            | L1    | 01   | L2    | 09   | L3    | 17   | -     | -    |
| Current                          | L1    | 02   | L2    | 10   | L3    | 18   | -     | -    |
| Active power                     | L1    | 03   | L2    | 11   | L3    | 19   |       | 25   |
| Inductive Reactive Power         | L1    | 04   | L2    | 12   | L3    | 20   |       | 26   |
| Capacitive Reactive Power        | L1    | 05   | L2    | 13   | L3    | 21   |       | 27   |
| Apparent power                   | L1    | 06   | L2    | 14   | L3    | 22   |       | 28   |
| Power factor                     | L1    | 07   | L2    | 15   | L3    | 23   |       | 29   |
| Cosine φ                         | L1    | 08   | L2    | 16   | L3    | 24   |       | 30   |
| % THD V                          | L1    | 36   | L2    | 37   | L3    | 38   | -     | -    |
| % THD A                          | L1    | 39   | L2    | 40   | L3    | 41   | -     | -    |
| Phase-Phase Voltage              | L1/2  | 32   | L2/3  | 33   | L3/1  | 34   | -     | -    |
| Frequency                        | -     | 31   | -     | -    | -     | -    | -     | -    |
| Neutral current                  | -     | 35   | -     | -    | -     | -    | -     | -    |
| Maximum current demand           | L1    | 45   | L2    | 46   | L3    | 47   |       | 44   |
| Active Power Maximum<br>Demand   | -     | -    | -     | -    | -     | -    | 111   | 42   |
| Apparent Power Maximum<br>Demand | -     | -    | -     | -    | -     | -    |       | 43   |

#### Table 15: Parameter codes used to program the outputs.



| Parameter                                   | Phase | Code | Phase | Code | Phase | Code | Phase | Code |
|---|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|
| Inductive Reactive Power<br>Maximum Demand  | -     | -    | -     | -    | -     | -    |       | 132  |
| Capacitive Reactive Power<br>Maximum Demand | -     | -    | -     | -    | -     | -    |       | 133  |

Table 15 (Continuation) : Parameter codes used to program the outputs.

In addition, there are some parameters (**Table 16**) that refer to the three phases at the same time (OR function). If you have selected one of these variables, the alarm will be activated when any of the three phases meets the programmed conditions.

| Types of parameters       | Code |
|---------------------------|------|
| Phase-Neutral Voltage     | 200  |
| Current                   | 201  |
| Active power              | 202  |
| Inductive Reactive Power  | 203  |
| Capacitive Reactive Power | 204  |
| Power factor              | 205  |
| Phase-Phase Voltage       | 206  |
| % THD V                   | 207  |
| % THD A                   | 208  |
| Apparent Power            | 209  |

#### Table 16: Multiple parameter codes for alarm programming.

# ✓ Programming the maximum value



The **maximum value**: the alarm is activated when this value is exceeded.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the maximum value selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen. To enter or modify the value, press the key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

In the case of some parameters (**Table 17**), you can modify the position of the decimal point. To do so, press key after modifying the last digit and the decimal point will start flashing. Press key repeatedly to modify the position of the decimal point.

When the decimal point is in the desired position, press the key to end the programming, pressing now the key we can set a positive or negative value.

**Note:** Pay special attention when programming the Generation Power (displayed with negative values).



**Example:** If you wish to enter a generation power alarm with limits between 2 kW and 1 kW, program the following as the **maximum value** : - 1 kW and the following as the **minimum value** : - 2 kW.

To validate the data, press  $\blacksquare$  for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display. Press key  $\square$  to access the next programming step

| Types of parameters    | Units                                     | Decimal point |
|------------------------|---|---------------|
| Voltage                | 2000 V<br>200.0 V<br>20.00 kV<br>2.000 kV | Programmable  |
| Current                | A   | Programmable  |
| Frequency              | Hz  | Fixed         |
| Power                  | kW  | Programmable  |
| Power factor           | PF  | Fixed         |
| Cosine φ               | φ   | Fixed         |
| Maximum current demand | A   | Programmable  |
| Maximum power demand   | kW  | Programmable  |
| THD                    | %   | Fixed         |

#### Table 17:Decimal point and units of the alarm parameters.

#### ✓ Programming the minimum value



The **minimum value**: the alarm is activated below this value. Press key for 3 seconds to edit the minimum value selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen. To enter or modify the value, press the key repeatedly,

Increasing the value of the flashing digit.
When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key

to modify the other values.

In the case of some parameters (**Table 17**) you can modify the position of the decimal point. To do so, press key after modifying the last digit and the decimal point will start flashing.

Press key repeatedly to modify the position of the decimal point.

When the decimal point is in the desired position, press the key to end the programming, pressing now the key is we can set a positive or negative value.

**Note:** Pay special attention when programming the Generation Power (displayed with negative values).

**Example:** If you wish to enter a generation power alarm with limits between 2 kW and 1 kW, program the following as the **maximum value** : - 1 kW and the following as the **minimum value** : - 2 kW.

To validate the data, press  $\blacksquare$  for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display. Press key  $\square$  to access the next programming step.



# ✓ Programming the connection time delay



The alarm connection delay is programmed on this screen in seconds.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the delay selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the 🔳 key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

To validate the data, press 🔳 for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key 🕑 to access the next programming step.

## ✓ Programming the hysteresis value



The hysteresis value, i.e., difference between the alarm connection and disconnection value, in %, is programmed on this screen.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the hysteresis value selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the 🔳 key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display. Press key to access the next programming step.



# ✓ Programming the latch



The interlocking is selected on this screen, i.e., if the alarm is interlocked after it has been tripped, even when the condition that triggered it has disappeared.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

Press key 📕 to browse the two options (Yes and No).

To validate the data, press effor 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.

**Note:** If the device is reset, the status of alarms is deleted and all alarms will return to the programmed standby status, provided that the condition that triggered them has been resolved.

#### ✓ Programming the time delay 2



The alarm disconnection delay is programmed on this screen in seconds.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the maximum value selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the E key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.

#### ✓ Programming the contact status



The status of relay contacts is selected on this screen. Press key for 3 seconds to edit the selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen. Press key to browse the two options:

Normally open contact.

*П<sup><i>L*</sup> Normally closed contact.



To validate the data, press E for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step

# 4.9.24. PROGRAMMING ALARM 2 (RELAY 2)

Note : Configuration parameters not available for the CVM-C10-FLEX model.

000 000

The values for alarm relay 2 are programmed on this screen.

They are programmed as in the case of alarm relay 1, see *"4.9.23. Programming alarm 1 (Relay 1)"* 

## 4.9.25. PROGRAMMING ALARM 3 (DIGITAL OUTPUT T1)

**Note** : Configuration parameters not available for the **CVM-C10-FLEX**, **CVM-C10-ITF-IN** and **CVM-C10-MC-IN** models.



All values for digital output T1 are programmed on this screen.

The variable code is selected on this screen, depending on **Table 15** and **Table 18**, which will control digital output T1.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the code selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the code selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the 🔳 key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

When you enter the code of a variable on the display, the symbols for that variable will be activated.

Set the value to **00** if you do not wish to program a variable.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

To validate the data, press  $\blacksquare$  for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display. Press key  $\square$  to access the next programming step



| Parameter                                 | Tariff | Code | Tariff | Code | Tariff | Code | Tariff | Code |
|---|--------|------|--------|------|--------|------|--------|------|
| Consumed Active Energy                    | T1     | 49   | T2     | 70   | Т3     | 91   | total  | 112  |
| Generated Active Energy                   | T1     | 59   | T2     | 80   | Т3     | 101  | total  | 122  |
| Consumed Inductive Reactive<br>Energy     | T1     | 51   | T2     | 72   | Т3     | 93   | total  | 114  |
| Generated Inductive Reactive<br>Energy    | T1     | 61   | T2     | 82   | Т3     | 103  | total  | 124  |
| Consumed Capacitive Reac-<br>tive Energy  | T1     | 53   | T2     | 74   | Т3     | 95   | total  | 116  |
| Generated Capacitive Reac-<br>tive Energy | T1     | 63   | T2     | 84   | Т3     | 105  | total  | 126  |
| Consumed Apparent Energy                  | T1     | 55   | T2     | 76   | Т3     | 97   | total  | 118  |
| Generated Apparent Energy                 | T1     | 65   | T2     | 86   | Т3     | 107  | total  | 128  |
| Consumed CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions        | T1     | 56   | T2     | 77   | Т3     | 98   | total  | 119  |
| Generated CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions       | T1     | 66   | T2     | 87   | T3     | 108  | total  | 129  |
| Consumption Cost                          | T1     | 57   | T2     | 78   | Т3     | 99   | total  | 120  |
| Generation Cost                           | T1     | 67   | T2     | 88   | Т3     | 109  | total  | 130  |
| No. of hours                              | T1     | 68   | T2     |      | Т3     | 110  | total  | 131  |

 Table 18: Parameter codes used to program digital outputs.

If you have selected a parameter from **Table 12** the subsequent programming steps are the same as for alarm relay 1, see (*"4.9.23. Programming alarm 1 (Relay 1)"*)

If you have selected a parameter from **Table 18**, the subsequent programming steps are:

#### ✓ Programming kilowatts per pulse



Press key for 3 seconds to edit the kilowatts per pulse selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.

The programmed value will be deleted if the entered value is higher than the maximum programming value.

Maximum programming value: 999.999 KWh Minimum programming value: 000.001 KWh



**Example:** To program 500 Wh per pulse: 000.500 To program 1.5 kWh per pulse: 001.500

# ✓ Programming the pulse width



The width of the pulse is selected on this screen in ms. Press key for 3 seconds to edit the pulse width selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.

The programmed value will be deleted if the entered value is higher than the maximum programming value.

Maximum programming value: 500 ms. Minimum programming value: 30 ms.

# 4.9.26. PROGRAMMING ALARM 4 (DIGITAL OUTPUT T2)

**Note :** Configuration parameters not available for the **CVM-C10-FLEX, CVM-C10-ITF-IN and CVM-C10-MC-IN** models.



All values for digital output T2 are programmed on this screen.

They are programmed as in the case of digital output T1, see *"4.9.25. Programming alarm 3 (Digital output T1)"* 



# 4.9.27. OPERATING MODE OF DIGITAL INPUT 1



**SEE INFORMATION OF AUGUSTICATION OF AUG LRF, FF prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom. Press key **to** browse the two options:

Logic Logic input ERr, FF Tariff selection.

To validate the data, press E for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.

# 4.9.28. OPERATING MODE OF DIGITAL INPUT 2



The function of digital input 2 is selected on this screen.

Press key E for 3 seconds to edit the function selection. The prog icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen. Press key to browse the two options:

 $Log_{i}$  c Logic input  $ER_{i}$  FF Tariff selection.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.

# 4.9.29. RS-485 COMMUNICATIONS: PROTOCOL



The RS-485 communications protocol is selected on this screen. Press the E key for 3 seconds to edit the function selection. The prog icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen. Press key to browse the two options:

> Modbus **BACnet**

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display. Press key to access the next programming step.

Note: The device will restart after exiting the setup menu if the RS-485 communications parameters have been modified.

🔲 CIRCUTOR

# 4.9.29.1 Modbus protocol

# ✓ Transmission speed



Press key to access the next programming step.

# ✓ Peripheral number



The peripheral number is programmed on this screen.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the peripheral number selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the 🔳 key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

The peripheral number ranges from 0 to 255.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.

✓ Parity



The type of parity of Modbus communications is selected on this screen. Press key 🗐 for 3 seconds to edit the parity type selection. The

**prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen. Press key to browse the options:

no parity



EUEn even parity.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.

✓ Number of data bits



The number of data bits of Modbus communications are programmed on this screen.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the bit number selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen. Press key to browse the two options: **7** or **8** bits.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.

Number of Stop bits



The number of Stop bits of Modbus communications are programmed on this screen.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the Stop bits number selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

Press key to browse the options: **1** or **2** bits.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press key to access the next programming step.



# 4.9.29.2 BACnet protocol

Note : Protocol available in devices with version 3.00 or higher.

# ✓ Transmission speed



When the desired value is shown on the screen, press the key to go to the next digit and modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

## Maximum programming value: 999999. Minimum programming value: 0.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display. Press key to access the next programming step.



# ✓ MAC



The MAC address is programmed on this screen.

Press the key for 3 seconds to edit the value. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen. To enter or modify the value, press the key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, press the key to go to the next digit and modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

#### Maximum programming value: 255. Minimum programming value: 0.

To validate the data, press  $\blacksquare$  for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display. Press key  $\square$  to access the next programming step.

# 4.9.30. LOCKING THE PROGRAMMING



This screen is for protecting the data configured in the programming menu.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the locking/unlocking selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

Press key 🔳 to browse the two options:

# unlo

When you enter the programming menu you can view and modify the programming. Icon  $\blacklozenge$  on the display indicates the permanently locked status.

# Loc

When you enter the programming you can view the programming but not modify it. Icon indicates the locking status. Enter the password to modify the programming values. To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

Press the key to enter the password for locking and unlocking the programming:



On this screen you enter the password for locking and unlocking the programming.

Press key for 3 seconds to edit the password selection. The **prog** icon will be displayed on the bottom of the screen.

To enter or modify the value, press the 🔳 key repeatedly, increasing the value of the flashing digit.

When the desired value is shown on the screen, move onto the next digit by pressing the key to modify the other values.

If you press the key after changing the last digit, it will jump back to the first digit so you can modify the previously programmed values again.

To validate the data, press for 3 seconds and the **prog** icon will disappear from the display.

## Default password: 1234.

SEE PRSS

0000

This value may only be modified through communications. See "4.10.3.6.17. Password configuration."

Press the key to exit the setup menu.

**Note:** The device will restart after exiting the setup menu if the RS-485 communications parameters have been modified.


#### 4.10.- COMMUNICATIONS

The **CVM-C10** devices have one RS-485 communications port. The device has as standard two communications protocols: **MODBUS RTU** <sup>®</sup> and **BACnet**.

The protocol and configuration parameters are selected in the setup menu. ("4.9.29. RS-485 communications: Protocol")

Note: BACnet protocol available in devices with version 3.00 or higher.

#### 4.10.1. CONNECTIONS

The RS -485 cable must be wired with twisted pair cable with mesh shield (minimum 3 wires), with a maximum distance between the **CVM-C10** and the master device of 1200 metres. A maximum of 32 **CVM-C10** devices can be connected to this bus.

Use an intelligent RS-232 to RS-485 network protocol converter to establish the communications with the master device.







## 4.10.2. PROTOCOL

In the Modbus protocol, the **CVM-C10** device uses the RTU (Remote Terminal Unit) mode.

The Modbus functions implemented in the device are as follows:

Function 0x03 and 0x04: Reading integer logs.Function 0x05: Writing a relay.Function 0x10: Writing multiple logs.

### 4.10.2.1 Reading example : Function 0x04.

Question: Instantaneous value of the phase voltage of L1

| Address | Function | Initial<br>Register | No. of<br>Registers | CRC  |
|---------|----------|---------------------|---------------------|------|
| 0A      | 04       | 0000                | 0002                | 70B0 |

Address: 0A, Peripheral number: 10 in decimals.
Function: 04, Read function.
Initial Register: 0000, on which the reading will start.
No. of Registers: 0002, number of registers read.
CRC: 70B0, CRC Character.

#### **Response:**

| Address | Function | No. of<br>Bytes | Register<br>No. 1 | Register<br>No. 2 | CRC  |
|---------|----------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| 0A      | 04       | 04              | 0000              | 084D              | 8621 |

**Address: 0A**, Responding peripheral number: 10 in decimals. **Function: 04**, Read function.

Function. 04, Read function.

No. of bytes: 04, No. of bytes received.

**Registers: 0000084D**, value of the phase voltage of L1: VL1 x 10 : 212.5V CRC: 8621, CRC Character.

*Note :* Every Modbus frame has a maximum limit of 20 variables (40 logs).

#### 4.10.2.2. Writing example: 0x05 function.

**Question:** Deleting maximum and minimum values.

| Address | Function | Initial<br>Register | Value | CRC  |
|---------|----------|---------------------|-------|------|
| 0A      | 05       | 0834                | FF00  | CEEF |

Address: 0A, Peripheral number: 10 in decimal.

Function: 05, Read function.

**Initial Register: 0834**, Register of the parameter for deleting maximum and minimum values.

Value: FF00, we indicate that we want to delete the maximum and minimum values.



CRC: CEEF, CRC character.

#### **Response:**

| Address | Function | Initial<br>Register | Initial Value Register |      |
|---------|----------|---------------------|------------------------|------|
| 0A      | 05       | 0834                | FF00                   | CEEF |

#### 4.10.3. MODBUS COMMANDS

#### 4.10.3.1. Measurement variables.

All the adresses of Modbus memory are in Hexadecimal. For these variables is implemented the **Function 0x03** and **0x04**.

Table 19: Modbus memory map (Table 1) Parameter Maximum Minimum Units Symbol Instantaneous L1 Phase voltage V 1 00-01 106-107 164-165 V x 10 02-03 L1 Current A 1 108-109 166-167 mΑ kW 1 W L1 Active Power 04-05 10A-10B 168-169 L1 Inductive Power kvarL 1 06-07 10C-10D 16A-16B var L1 Capacitive Power kvarC 1 08-09 10E-10F 16C-16D var L1 Apparent Power kVA 1 0A-0B 110-111 16E-16F VA PF 1 L1 Power Factor 0C-0D 112-113 170-171 x 100 x 100 Cos φ L1 Cos φ 1 0E-0F 114-115 172-173 V 2 L2 Phase voltage V x 10 10-11 116-117 174-175 L2 Current A 2 12-13 118-119 176-177 mΑ L2 Active Power kW 2 14-15 11A-11B 178-179 W L2 Inductive Power kvarL 2 16-17 11C-11D 17A-17B var L2 Capacitive Power kvarC 2 18-19 11E-11F 17C-17D var VA kVA 2 1A-1B 120-121 17E-17F L2 Apparent Power L2 Power Factor PF 2 1C-1D 122-123 180-181 x 100 Cos φ L2 1E-1F 124-125 182-183 x 100 Cos φ 2 V 3 V x 10 L3 Phase voltage 20-21 126-127 184-185 mΑ L3 Current A 3 22-23 128-129 186-187 W L3 Active Power kW 3 24-25 12A-12B 188-189 L3 Inductive Power kvarL 3 26-27 12C-12D 18A-18B var L3 Capacitive Power kvarC 3 28-29 12E-12F 18C-18D var L3 Apparent Power kVA 3 2A-2B VA 130-131 18E-18F L3 Power Factor PF 3 2C-2D 132-133 190-191 x 100 Cos φ L3 Cos φ 3 2E-2F 134-135 192-193 x 100 Active Three-phase Power kW III 136-137 W 30-31 194-195 kvarL III Inductive Three-phase power 32-33 138-139 196-197 var Capacitive Three-phase Power kvarC III 34-35 13A-13B 198-199 var kVA III 13C-13D 19A-19B VA Apparent three-phase power 36-37 PF III Three-phase Power Factor 38-39 13E-13F 19C-19D x100 3A-3B x100 Three-phase Cos  $\phi$ Cos φ III 140-141 19E-19F L1 Frequency Ηz 3C-3D 142-143 1A0-1A1 Hz x100 V12 L1-L2 Voltage 3E-3F 144-145 1A2-1A3 V x 10 V23 L2-L3 Voltage 40-41 146-147 1A4-1A5 V x 10 L3-L1 Voltage V31 42-43 148-149 1A6-1A7 V x 10

| Parameter                | Symbol  | Instantaneous | Maximum | Minimum | Units  |
|--------------------------|---------|---------------|---------|---------|--------|
| Neutral Current N        | AN      | 44-45         | 14A-14B | 1A8-1A9 | mA     |
| L1 voltage % THD         | %THDV1  | 46-47         | 14C-14D | 1AA-1AB | % x 10 |
| L2 voltage % THD         | %THDV2  | 48-49         | 14E-14F | 1AC-1AD | % x 10 |
| L3 voltage % THD         | %THDV3  | 4A-4B         | 150-151 | 1AE-1AF | % x 10 |
| L1 current % THD         | %THDI1  | 4C-4D         | 152-153 | 1B0-1B1 | % x 10 |
| L2 current % THD         | %THDI2  | 4E-4F         | 154-155 | 1B2-1B3 | % x 10 |
| L3 current % THD         | %THDI3  | 50-51         | 156-157 | 1B4-1B5 | % x 10 |
| Maximum demand kW III    | Md (Pd) | 52-53         | 158-159 | -       | W      |
| Maximum demand kVA III   | Md (Pd) | 54-55         | 15A-15B | -       | VA     |
| Maximum demand I AVG     | Md (Pd) | 56-57         | 15C-15D | -       | mA     |
| Maximum demand I L1      | Md (Pd) | 58-59         | 15E-15F | -       | mA     |
| Maximum demand I L2      | Md (Pd) | 5A-5B         | 160-161 | -       | mA     |
| Maximum demand I L3      | Md (Pd) | 5C-5D         | 162-163 | -       | mA     |
| Maximum demand kvarL III | kvarL   | 200-201       | 204-205 | -       | kvarL  |
| Maximum demand kvarC III | kvarC   | 202-203       | 206-207 | -       | kvarC  |

Table 19 (Continuation) : Modbus memory map (Table 1)

# 4.10.3.2. Energy variables

All the adresses of Modbus memory are in Hexadecimal. For these variables is implemented the **Function 0x03** and **0x04**.

| Table 20: Modbus memory map (Table 2)              |                   |          |          |          |       |       |  |
|--|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|-------|-------|--|
| Parameter  | Symbol            | Tariff 1 | Tariff 2 | Tariff 3 | Total | Units |  |
| Consumed active energy kW)                         | kWh III           | 5E-5F    | 88-89    | B2-B3    | DC-DD | kWh   |  |
| Consumed active energy (W)                         | kWh III           | 60-61    | 8A-8B    | B4-B5    | DE-DF | Wh    |  |
| Consumed inductive reactive energy (kvarhL)        | kvarhL III        | 62-63    | 8C-8D    | B6-B7    | E0-E1 | kvarh |  |
| Consumed inductive reactive energy (varhL)         | kvarhL III        | 64-65    | 8E-8F    | B8-B9    | E2-E3 | varh  |  |
| Consumed capacitive reactive ener-<br>gy (kvarhC)  | kvarhC III        | 66-67    | 90-91    | BA-BB    | E4-E5 | kvarh |  |
| Consumed capacitive reactive ener-<br>gy (varhC)   | kvarhC III        | 68-69    | 92-93    | BC-BD    | E6-E7 | varh  |  |
| Consumed apparent energy (kVAh)                    | kVAh III          | 6A-6B    | 94-95    | BE-BF    | E8-E9 | kVAh  |  |
| Consumed apparent energy (VAh)                     | kVAh III          | 6C-6D    | 96-97    | C0-C1    | EA-EB | VAh   |  |
| Consumed CO <sub>2</sub> emissions                 | KgCO <sub>2</sub> | 6E-6F    | 98-99    | C2-C3    | EC-ED | x10   |  |
| Consumption cost                                   | \$                | 70-71    | 9A-9B    | C4-C5    | EE-EF | x10   |  |
| Generated active energy (kW)                       | kWh III           | 72-73    | 9C-9D    | C6-C7    | F0-F1 | kWh   |  |
| Generated active energy (W)                        | kWh III           | 74-75    | 9E-9F    | C8-C9    | F2-F3 | Wh    |  |
| Generated inductive reactive energy (kvarhL)       | kvarhL III        | 76-77    | A0-A1    | CA-CB    | F4-F5 | kvarh |  |
| Generated inductive reactive energy (varhL)        | kvarhL III        | 78-79    | A2-A3    | CC-CD    | F6-F7 | varh  |  |
| Generated capacitive reactive ener-<br>gy (kvarhC) | kvarhC III        | 7A-7B    | A4-A5    | CE-CF    | F8-F9 | kvarh |  |
| Generated capacitive reactive ener-<br>gy (varhC)  | kvarhC III        | 7C-7D    | A6-A7    | D0-D1    | FA-FB | varh  |  |
| Generated apparent energy (kVAh)                   | kVAh III          | 7E-7F    | A8-A9    | D2-D3    | FC-FD | kVAh  |  |

Table 20: Modbus memory map (Table 2)



| Parameter                           | Symbol            | Tariff 1 | Tariff 2 | Tariff 3 | Total   | Units |  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------|-------|--|
| Generated apparent energy (VAh)     | kVAh III          | 80-81    | AA-AB    | D4-D5    | FE-EF   | VAh   |  |
| Generated CO <sub>2</sub> emissions | KgCO <sub>2</sub> | 82-83    | AC-AD    | D6-D7    | 100-101 | x10   |  |
| Generation Cost                     | \$                | 84-85    | AE-AF    | D8-D9    | 102-103 | x10   |  |
| Hours per tariff                    | Hours             | 86-87    | B0-B1    | DA-DB    | 104-105 | sec   |  |

| Table 20 | (Continuation) | ÷ | Modbus | memorv | map | (Table 2) |
|----------|----------------|---|--------|--------|-----|-----------|
|          | (              |   |        |        |     | (         |

# 4.10.3.3. Voltage and current harmonics.

All the adresses of Modbus memory are in Hexadecimal. For these variables is implemented the **Function 0x03** and **0x04**.

|                     | Table 21. Mousus memory map (Table 5). |            |            |        |  |  |  |
|---------------------|--|------------|------------|--------|--|--|--|
| Parameter           | L1 Voltage                             | L2 Voltage | L3 Voltage | Units  |  |  |  |
| Fundamental Harm.   | A28-A29                                | A48-A49    | A68-A69    | V x 10 |  |  |  |
| 2nd Order harmonic  | A2A                                    | A4A        | A6A        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 3rd Order harmonic  | A2B                                    | A4B        | A6B        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 4th Order harmonic  | A2C                                    | A4C        | A6C        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 5th Order harmonic  | A2D                                    | A4D        | A6D        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 6th Order harmonic  | A2E                                    | A4E        | A6E        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 7th Order harmonic  | A2F                                    | A4F        | A6F        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 8th Order harmonic  | A30                                    | A50        | A70        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 9th Order harmonic  | A31                                    | A51        | A71        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 10th Order harmonic | A32                                    | A52        | A72        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 11th Order harmonic | A33                                    | A53        | A73        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 12th Order harmonic | A34                                    | A54        | A74        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 13th Order harmonic | A35                                    | A55        | A75        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 14th Order harmonic | A36                                    | A56        | A76        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 15th Order harmonic | A37                                    | A57        | A77        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 16th Order harmonic | A38                                    | A58        | A78        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 17th Order harmonic | A39                                    | A59        | A79        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 18th Order harmonic | A3A                                    | A5A        | A7A        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 19th Order harmonic | A3B                                    | A5B        | A7B        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 20th Order harmonic | A3C                                    | A5C        | A7C        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 21st Order harmonic | A3D                                    | A5D        | A7D        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 22nd Order harmonic | A3E                                    | A5E        | A7E        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 23rd Order harmonic | A3F                                    | A5F        | A7F        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 24th Order harmonic | A40                                    | A60        | A80        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 25th Order harmonic | A41                                    | A61        | A81        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 26th Order harmonic | A42                                    | A62        | A82        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 27th Order harmonic | A43                                    | A63        | A83        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 28th Order harmonic | A44                                    | A64        | A84        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 29th Order harmonic | A45                                    | A65        | A85        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 30th Order harmonic | A46                                    | A66        | A86        | % x 10 |  |  |  |
| 31st Order harmonic | A47                                    | A67        | A87        | % x 10 |  |  |  |

Table 21:Modbus memory map (Table 3).

| Parameter           | L1 Current | L2 Current | L3 Current | Units   |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Fundamental Harm.   | A88-A89    | AA8-AA9    | AC8-AC9    | mA x 10 |
| 2nd Order harmonic  | A8A        | AAA        | AAC        | % x 10  |
| 3rd Order harmonic  | A8B        | AAB        | ACB        | % x 10  |
| 4th Order harmonic  | A8C        | AAC        | ADC        | % x 10  |
| 5th Order harmonic  | A8D        | AAD        | ACD        | % x 10  |
| 6th Order harmonic  | A8E        | AAE        | ACE        | % x 10  |
| 7th Order harmonic  | A8F        | AAF        | ACF        | % x 10  |
| 8th Order harmonic  | A90        | AB0        | AD0        | % x 10  |
| 9th Order harmonic  | A91        | AB1        | AD1        | % x 10  |
| 10th Order harmonic | A92        | AB2        | AD2        | % x 10  |
| 11th Order harmonic | A93        | AB3        | AD3        | % x 10  |
| 12th Order harmonic | A94        | AB4        | AD4        | % x 10  |
| 13th Order harmonic | A95        | AB5        | AD5        | % x 10  |
| 14th Order harmonic | A96        | AB6        | AD6        | % x 10  |
| 15th Order harmonic | A97        | AB7        | AD7        | % x 10  |
| 16th Order harmonic | A98        | AB8        | AD8        | % x 10  |
| 17th Order harmonic | A99        | AB9        | AD9        | % x 10  |
| 18th Order harmonic | A9A        | ABA        | ADA        | % x 10  |
| 19th Order harmonic | A9B        | ABB        | ADB        | % x 10  |
| 20th Order harmonic | A9C        | ABC        | ADC        | % x 10  |
| 21st Order harmonic | A9D        | ABD        | ADD        | % x 10  |
| 22nd Order harmonic | A9E        | ABE        | ADE        | % x 10  |
| 23rd Order harmonic | A9F        | ABF        | ADF        | % x 10  |
| 24th Order harmonic | AA0        | AC0        | AE0        | % x 10  |
| 25th Order harmonic | AA1        | AC1        | AE1        | % x 10  |
| 26th Order harmonic | AA2        | AC2        | AE2        | % x 10  |
| 27th Order harmonic | AA3        | AC3        | AE3        | % x 10  |
| 28th Order harmonic | AA4        | AC4        | AE4        | % x 10  |
| 29th Order harmonic | AA5        | AC5        | AE4        | % x 10  |
| 30th Order harmonic | AA6        | AC6        | AE6        | % x 10  |
| 31st Order harmonic | AA7        | AC7        | AE7        | % x 10  |

Table 22:Modbus memory map (Table 4).

## 4.10.3.4. Deleting parameters.

All the Modbus map addresses are hexadecimal. The **0x05 function** is implemented for these variables.

| Parameters   | Address | Valid data margin |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Deleting energies  | 834     | FF00              |  |  |  |  |
| Deleting maximum and minimum values                              | 838     | FF00              |  |  |  |  |
| Starting maximum demand  | 839     | FF00              |  |  |  |  |
| Deleting the hour counters (All tariffs)                         | 83D     | FF00              |  |  |  |  |
| Deleting the maximum value of the maximum demand                 | 83F     | FF00              |  |  |  |  |
| Deleting energies, maximum demand and maximum and minimum values | 848     | FF00              |  |  |  |  |

Table 23:Modbus memory map: Deleting parameters.



#### 4.10.3.5. Power status.

All the Modbus map addresses are hexadecimal.

The **0x04 function** is implemented for this variable.

This variable indicates the quadrant in which the device is operating.

| Power status |         |               |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|---------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Variable     | Address | Default value |  |  |  |  |
| Power status | 7D1     | -             |  |  |  |  |

The variable format is shown in Table 25:

Table 25:Variable format: Power status.

| Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3         | Bit 2        | Bit 1        | Bit 0       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1: Capacitive | 1: Inductive | 1: Generated | 1: Consumed |

#### 4.10.3.6. The unit's serial number.

All the Modbus map addresses are hexadecimal. The **0x04 function** is implemented for this variable.

#### Table 26:Modbus memory map: Serial number.

| The unit's serial number |           |               |  |  |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------------|--|--|
| Variable                 | Address   | Default value |  |  |
| Serial number            | 578 - 579 | -             |  |  |

#### 4.10.3.7. Device configuration variables.

All the Modbus map addresses are hexadecimal.

The **0x04** and **0x10 functions** are implemented for this variable.

The device's Modbus function does not check whether the variables recorded are within the correct margins, they are only checked when they are read from the EEPROM. So if any parameter is recorded with an incorrect value the device will be configured with its default value.

The Modbus configuration will not take effect until the device is reset.

## 4.10.3.7.1. Transformation ratios.

Table 27: Modbus memory map: Transformation ratios.

| Transformation ratios                     |             |                                 |                  |  |
|---|-------------|---------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Configuration variable <sup>(3) (4)</sup> | Address     | Valid data margin               | Default<br>value |  |
| Voltage primary                           | 2710 - 2711 | 1 - 599999                      | 1                |  |
| Voltage secondary                         | 2712        | 1 - 999                         | 1                |  |
| Current primary                           | 2713        | 1 - 10000                       | 5                |  |
| Current secondary                         | 2714        | <b>1:</b> /1A<br><b>5:</b> /5 A | 5                |  |

<sup>(3)</sup>All variables must be programmed at the same time.



<sup>(4)</sup> Voltage ratio x Current ratio < 600000. **Note:** The ratio is between the primary and the secondary.

## 4.10.3.7.2. Neutral current transformation ratios (CVM-C10-ITF-IN and CVM-C10-MC-IN).

Table 28:Modbus memory map: Neutral current transformation ratios.

| Transformation ratios                 |         |                                 |                  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Configuration variable <sup>(5)</sup> | Address | Valid data margin               | Default<br>value |  |  |
| Neutral current primary               | 271A    | 1 - 10000                       | 5                |  |  |
| Neutral current secondary (6)         | 271B    | <b>1:</b> /1A<br><b>5:</b> /5 A | 5                |  |  |

<sup>(5)</sup>All variables must be programmed at the same time.

<sup>(6)</sup> This variable is only programmed for the **CVM-C10-ITF-IN** model.

## 4.10.3.7.3. Number of quadrants

#### Table 29:Modbus memory map: Number of quadrants

| Maximum demand         |         |                                  |                  |  |
|------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Configuration variable | Address | Valid data margin                | Default<br>value |  |
| Number of quadrants    | 2B64    | 0: 4 quadrants<br>1: 2 quadrants | 0                |  |

### 4.10.3.7.4. Measurement convention

Table 30:Modbus memory map: Measurement convention.

| Measurement convention                                      |      |                                  |   |  |
|---|------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Configuration variableAddressValid data marginDefault value |      |                                  |   |  |
| Measurement convention                                      | 2B86 | 0: Circutor<br>1: IEC<br>2: IEEE | 0 |  |

#### 4.10.3.7.5. Type of installation

#### Table 31: Modbus memory map: Type of installation

| Type of installation   |         |   |                  |
|------------------------|---------|---|------------------|
| Configuration variable | Address | Valid data margin   | Default<br>value |
| Type of installation   | 2B5C    | <ul> <li>0: 4 - 3Ph Three-phase network with 4 wires.</li> <li>1: 3 - 3Ph Three-phase network with 3 wires.</li> <li>2: 3 - R - 00 Three-phase network with 3 wires, Aron.</li> <li>3: 3 - 2Ph Two-phase network with 3 wires.</li> <li>4: 2 - 2Ph Single-phase network with 2 wires, phase-to-phase.</li> <li>5: 2 - 1Ph Single-phase network with 2 wires, phase-to-neutral.</li> </ul> | 0                |

## 4.10.3.7.6. Maximum demand

#### Table 32: Modbus memory map: Maximum demand

| Maximum demand         |         |                       |                  |  |  |
|------------------------|---------|-----------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Configuration variable | Address | Valid data margin     | Default<br>value |  |  |
| Integration period     | 274C    | <b>1 - 60</b> minutes | 15               |  |  |



## 4.10.3.7.7. Operating profile

Table 33:Modbus memory map: Operating profile

| Operating profile      |         |  |                  |  |
|------------------------|---------|--|------------------|--|
| Configuration variable | Address | Valid data margin  | Default<br>value |  |
| Operating profile      | 2B60    | <ul> <li>0: Analyzer</li> <li>1: User</li> <li>2: Electrical energy efficiency, e<sup>3</sup></li> </ul> | 0                |  |

#### 4.10.3.7.8. Display backlight

Table 34:Modbus memory map: Backlight

| Backlight              |         |                                 |                  |  |
|------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Configuration variable | Address | Valid data margin               | Default<br>value |  |
| Backlight              | 2B5E    | 0: Always lit<br>5 - 99 seconds | 0                |  |

#### 4.10.3.7.9. Activating the harmonics display screen

Table 35: Modbus memory map: Display of harmonics

| Display of harmonics   |         |                   |                  |  |
|------------------------|---------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| Configuration variable | Address | Valid data margin | Default<br>value |  |
| Display of harmonics   | 2B62    | 0: No<br>1: Yes   | 1                |  |

#### 4.10.3.7.10. $CO_2$ consumption and generation emissions.

Table 36:Modbus memory map:  $CO_2$  consumption and generation emissions.

| CO <sub>2</sub> emissions            |         |                   |                  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Configuration variable (7)(8)        | Address | Valid data margin | Default<br>value |  |  |  |  |
| Tariff 1 consumption emissions ratio | 2724    | 0 - 1.9999        | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| Tariff 2 consumption emissions ratio | 2725    | 0 - 1.9999        | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| Tariff 3 consumption emissions ratio | 2726    | 0 - 1.9999        | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| Tariff 1 generation emissions ratio  | 2728    | 0 - 1.9999        | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| Tariff 2 generation emissions ratio  | 2729    | 0 - 1.9999        | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| Tariff 3 generation emissions ratio  | 272A    | 0 - 1.9999        | 0                |  |  |  |  |

<sup>(7)</sup>All variables must be programmed at the same time.

<sup>(8)</sup> They have 1 decimal place.

#### 4.10.3.7.11. Cost of energy consumption and generation.

Table 37: Modbus memory map: Cost of energy consumption and generation.

| Cost per kWh                              |         |                   |                  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Configuration variable <sup>(9)(10)</sup> | Address | Valid data margin | Default<br>value |  |  |  |  |
| Cost per kWh of tariff 1 consumption      | 272C    | 0 - 1.9999        | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| Cost per kWh of tariff 2 consumption      | 272D    | 0 - 1.9999        | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| Cost per kWh of tariff 3 consumption      | 272E    | 0 - 1.9999        | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| Cost per kWh of tariff 1 generation       | 2730    | 0 - 1.9999        | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| Cost per kWh of tariff 2 generation       | 2731    | 0 - 1.9999        | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| Cost per kWh of tariff 3 generation       | 2732    | 0 - 1.9999        | 0                |  |  |  |  |

<sup>(9)</sup>All variables must be programmed at the same time.



<sup>(10)</sup> They have 1 decimal place.

# 4.10.3.7.12. Programming alarms 1 and 2 (Relays 1 and 2)

Note : Configuration parameters not available for the CVM-C10-FLEX model.

| Programming alarms 1 and 2 |           |           |   |         |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|---|---------|--|--|--|
| Configuration variable     | Addr      | ess       | Valid data margin                       | Default |  |  |  |
| Configuration variable     | Relay 1   | Relay 2   | valio data margin                       | value   |  |  |  |
| Maximum value.             | 2AF8-2AF9 | 2B02-2B03 | depending on the variable               | 0       |  |  |  |
| Minimum value              | 2AFA-2AFB | 2B04-2B05 | depending on the variable               | 0       |  |  |  |
| Variable code              | 2AFC      | 2B06      | Table 15                                | 0       |  |  |  |
| Connection delay           | 2AFD      | 2B07      | 0 - 9999 seconds                        | 0       |  |  |  |
| Hysteresis:                | 2AFE      | 2B08      | <b>0 - 99</b> %                         | 0       |  |  |  |
| latch                      | 2AFF      | 2B09      | 0 : No<br>1: Yes                        | 0       |  |  |  |
| Disconnection delay        | 2B00      | 2B0A      | 0 - 9999 seconds                        | 0       |  |  |  |
| Contacts status            | 2B01      | 2B0B      | 0 : Normally open<br>1: Normally closed | 0       |  |  |  |

Table 38:Modbus memory map: Programming alarms 1 and 2.

### 4.10.3.7.13. Programming alarms 3 and 4 (Digital outputs T1 and T2)

**Note** : Configuration parameters not available for the **CVM-C10-FLEX**, **CVM-C10-ITF-IN** and **CVM-C10-MC-IN** models.

| Table 55. Moubus memory map. 1 rogramming alarms 5 and 4. |           |           |                     |         |  |  |
|---|-----------|-----------|---------------------|---------|--|--|
| Programming alarms 3 and 4                                |           |           |                     |         |  |  |
| Configuration variable                                    | Addr      | ess       | Valid data margin   | Default |  |  |
| Configuration variable                                    | Relay 1   | Relay 2   | valid data margin   | value   |  |  |
| Kilowatts per impulse                                     | 2B0C-2B0D | 2B16-2B17 | 0.001 - 999.999 kWh | 0       |  |  |
| Variable code   | 2B10      | 2B1A      | Table 18            | 0       |  |  |
| Pulse width   | 2B11      | 2B1B      | <b>10 - 500</b> ms  | 100 ms  |  |  |

Table 39:Modbus memory map: Programming alarms 3 and 4.

## 4.10.3.7.14. Digital inputs

Table 40:Modbus memory map: Configuration of digital inputs.

| Configuration variable | Add     | lress   | Valid data margin           | Default |
|------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------------|---------|
| Configuration variable | Input 1 | Input 2 | valiu uata margin           | value   |
| Operating mode (11)    | 2B66    | 2B67    | 0: Tariff<br>1: Logic state | 0       |

<sup>(11)</sup> If Input 1 is configured as a tariff and Input 2 is configured as a logic state (or vice versa) we will only have 2 tariffs.

We can also read the status of the digital inputs when they are in logic mode:

The **0x04 function** is implemented for this variable.

| Status of digital inputs |         |               |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|---------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Variable                 | Address | Default value |  |  |  |  |
| Status of digital inputs | 4E20    | -             |  |  |  |  |



The variable format is shown in Table 42:

| Tahle | 42.Variable  | format: | Status  | of  | Istinih | innute  |
|-------|--------------|---------|---------|-----|---------|---------|
| Idule | 42. Variable | ionial. | ้อเลเนร | UI. | ululla  | IIIDULS |

| Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1                      | Bit 0                      |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | Input 2<br>0: OFF<br>1: ON | Input 1<br>0: OFF<br>1: ON |

#### 4.10.3.7.15. Digital outputs

Reading the status of the digital outputs.

The **0x04 function** is implemented for this variable.

#### Table 43:Modbus memory map: Status of the digital outputs

| Status of the digital outputs |         |               |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Variable                      | Address | Default value |  |  |  |  |
| Status of the digital outputs | 4E21    | -             |  |  |  |  |

The variable format is shown in Table 44:

#### Table 44:Variable format: Status of the digital outputs.

| Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3                          | Bit 2                          | Bit 1                       | Bit 0                       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | Output<br>4<br>0: OFF<br>1: ON | Output<br>3<br>0: OFF<br>1: ON | Output 2<br>0: OFF<br>1: ON | Output 1<br>0: OFF<br>1: ON |

#### 4.10.3.7.16. Communications

Table 45:Modbus memory map: Communications

| Communications                       |            |   |                  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|------------|---|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Configuration variable               | Address    | Valid data margin   | Default<br>value |  |  |  |  |
| Protocol                             | 2742       | 0 : Modbus<br>1: Bacnet   | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| Modbus and BACnet: Peripheral number | 2743       | 0 - 255   | 1                |  |  |  |  |
| Modbus : Transmission speed          | 2744       | <b>0</b> : 9600 <b>- 1</b> :19200   | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| Modbus : Parity                      | 2745       | <ul><li>0: No parity</li><li>1: Odd parity</li><li>2: Even parity</li></ul> | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| Modbus : Data bits                   | 2746       | <b>0</b> : 8 bits<br><b>1:</b> 7 bits                                       | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| Modbus : Stop bits                   | 2747       | <ul><li>0 : 1 stop bit</li><li>1: 2 stop bits</li></ul>                     | 0                |  |  |  |  |
| BACnet: Device ID                    | 2EE0- 2EE1 | 0- 999999   | -                |  |  |  |  |
| BAcnet: MAC                          | 2EE2       | 0- 255  | 2                |  |  |  |  |

#### 4.10.3.7.17. Password configuration

These variables allow you to lock or unlock access to the programming menu, and also allow you to change the password code. The password code may only be changed through this command.

The device does not need you to enter the old password in order for it to record the new one; it records the new one directly without any verification.



| Password                               |         |                      |               |  |  |  |
|--|---------|----------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Configuration variable <sup>(12)</sup> | Address | Valid data margin    | Default value |  |  |  |
| Password value <sup>(13)</sup>         | 2B70    | 0 - 9999             | 1234          |  |  |  |
| Lock-Unlock                            | 2B71    | 0: Unlock<br>1: Lock | 0             |  |  |  |

Table 46:Modbus memory map: Password configuration

<sup>(12)</sup> You must program all the variables at the same time.

<sup>(13)</sup> The password value is read and written in hexadecimal.

### 4.10.4. BACnet PROTOCOL

**BACnet** is a communications protocol for Building Automation and Control NETworks. This protocol replaces the proprietary communications of each device, making it a set of common communication rules that enables the complete integration of the building automation and control devices of different manufacturers.

The device features **BACNet** MS/TP communications, following the specifications of ANSI/ ASHRAE 135 (ISO 16484-5).

Using a RS485 connection, the device can connect to a BACnet and include all of the objects and services defined in the attached PICS map (Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement). ( "4.10.5. PICS MAP")

The default speed is 9600 bps and the MAC is 2 (node number), and can be changed on the configuration screen or by entering the BaudRate and MAC\_Address variables. The identifier (Device\_ID) can be changed on the configuration screen using the writing property over the variable or through the Device\_ID variable.

Another option is to overwrite the Object\_Name in the Device object:

- a) #Baud x where x can be: 9600, 19200
- b) #MAC x where x can be: 0 ... 127
- c) #ID x where x can be: 0 ... 999999

For further information on the protocol: www.bacnet.org.



#### 4.10.5. MAPA PICS

| PICS                               |       |          |
|------------------------------------|-------|----------|
| Vendor Name:                       |       | CIRCUTOR |
| Product Name:                      |       | CVM-C10  |
| Product Model Number:              |       | 0116     |
| <b>Application Software Versio</b> | on:   | 1.0      |
| Firmware Revision:                 | 0.7.1 |          |
| BACnet Protocol Revision:          | 10    |          |

#### **Product Description:**

| Electrical energy meter |  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|

#### BACnet Standardized Device Profile (Annex L)

#### List all BACnet Interoperability Building supported (see Annex K in BACnet Addendum 135d):

DS-RP-B Read Property DS-WP-B Write Propery DS-RPM-B Read Property Multiple DM-DDB-B Dynamic Device Binding DM-DOB-B Dynamic Object Binding DM-DCC-B Device Communication Control DM-RD-B Reinitialize Device

#### Which of the following device binding methods does the product support? (check one or more)

| х | Recive Who-Is, send I-Am (BIBB DM-DDB-B)    |
|---|---|
| х | Recive Who-Has, send I-Have (BIBB DM-DOB-B) |

#### Standard Object Types Supported:

#### Analog Input Object Type

| 1. Dynamically creatable using BACnet's CreateObject service? No                            |    |  |  |  |
|---|----|--|--|--|
| 2. Dynamically deleatable using BACnet's DeleteObject service?                              | No |  |  |  |
| 3. List of optional properties supported: max_pres_value min_pres_value                     |    |  |  |  |
| 4. List of all properties that are writable where not otherw is a required by this standard |    |  |  |  |
| 5. List of proprietary properties:  |    |  |  |  |
| 6. List of any property value range restrictions:   |    |  |  |  |

#### **Properly Identifier**

| Object_Name | max 32 characters |
|-------------|-------------------|
|             |                   |

| DESCRIPTION         |                          | SYMBOL | ID OBJECTS | OBJECT NAME | UNITS |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------|------------|-------------|-------|
| Tensión fase-neutro | Voltage phase to neutral | V 1    | AIO        | Ph2NU1      | V     |
| Corriente           | Current                  | A 1    | Al1        | Ph1Current  | А     |
| Potencia activa     | Active power             | kW 1   | Al2        | ActPwrPh1   | kW    |
| Potencia reactiva   | Reactive power           | kvar 1 | AI3        | ReactPwrPh1 | kvar  |
| Factor de potencia  | Power factor             | PF 1   | Al4        | PwrFactPh1  | PF    |
| Tensión fase-neutro | Voltage phase to neutral | V 2    | AI5        | Ph2NU2      | V     |
| Corriente           | Current                  | A 2    | AI6        | Ph2Current  | A     |



| DESCRIPTION                      |  | SYMBOL          | ID OBJECTS | OBJECT NAME    | UNITS   |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------------|------------|----------------|---------|
| Potencia activa                  | Active power   | kW 2            | AI7        | ActPwrPh2      | kW      |
| Potencia reactiva                | Reactive power   | kvar 2          | Al8        | ReactPwrPh2    | kvar    |
| Factor de potencia               | Power factor   | PF 2            | Al9        | PwrFactPh2     | PF      |
| Tensión fase-neutro              | Voltage phase to<br>neutral                              | V 3             | AI10       | Ph2NU3         | V       |
| Corriente                        | Current  | A 3             | AI11       | Ph3Current     | А       |
| Potencia activa                  | Active power   | kW 3            | AI12       | ActPwrPh3      | kW      |
| Potencia reactiva                | Reactive power   | kvar 3          | AI13       | ReactPwrPh3    | kvar    |
| Factor de potencia               | Power factor   | PF 3            | AI14       | PwrFactPh3     | PF      |
| Potencia activa trifá-<br>sica   | Three phase active power                                 | kW III          | AI15       | ActPwOn3Ph     | kW      |
| Potencia inductiva<br>trifásica  | Three phase reactive<br>inductive power                  | kvarL III       | AI16       | InductPwOn3Ph  | kvarL   |
| Potencia capacitiva<br>trifásica | Three phase capacitive inductive power                   | kvarC III       | AI17       | CapPwOn3Ph     | kvarC   |
| Cos φ trifásico                  | Three phase cos φ  | Cos φ III       | AI18       | Cosphi         | Cos φ   |
| Factor de potencia<br>trifásico  | Three phase power factor                                 | PFIII           | AI19       | PwFactOn3Ph    | PF      |
| Frecuencia (L2)                  | Frequency  | Hz              | AI20       | Frequency      | Hz      |
| Tensión fase-fase                | Voltage phase to phase                                   | V12             | Al21       | Ph2PhU12       | V       |
| Tensión fase-fase                | Voltage phase to phase                                   | V23             | AI22       | Ph2PhU23       | V       |
| Tensión fase-fase                | Voltage phase to phase                                   | V31             | AI23       | Ph2PhU31       | V       |
| %THD V                           | %THD V   | %THD V1         | Al24       | THDVal_U1      | %THD    |
| %THD V                           | %THD V   | %THD V2         | Al25       | THDVal_U2      | %THD    |
| %THD V                           | %THD V   | %THD V3         | Al26       | THDVal_U3      | %THD    |
| %THD A                           | %THD A   | %THD A1         | AI27       | THDVal_l1      | %THD    |
| %THD A                           | %THD A   | %THD A2         | AI28       | THDVal_l2      | %THD    |
| %THD A                           | %THD A   | %THD A3         | AI29       | THDVal_l3      | %THD    |
| Energía activa                   | Active energy  | kW•h III        | AI30       | ActEnergy      | kW•h    |
| Energía reactiva in-<br>ductiva  | Reactive inductive energy                                | kvarL•h III     | AI31       | InductEnergy   | kvarL•h |
| Energía reactiva capa-<br>citiva | Reactive capacitive energy                               | kvarC•h III     | AI32       | CapEnergy      | kvarC•h |
| Energía Aparente<br>trifásica    | Three phase aparent energy                               | kVA•h III       | AI33       | AppEnergy      | kVA•h   |
| Energía activa gene-<br>rada     | Three phase generated active energy                      | kW•h III (-)    | AI34       | ActEnergy_exp  | kW•h    |
| Energía inductiva<br>generada    | Three phase genera-<br>ted reactive inductive<br>energy  | kvarL•h III (-) | AI35       | IndEnergy_exp  | kvarL•h |
| Energía capacitiva<br>generada   | Three phase genera-<br>ted reactive capacitive<br>energy | kvarC•h III(-)  | AI36       | CapEnergy_exp  | kvarC•h |
| Energía aparente<br>generada     | Three phase generated aparent energy                     | kVA•h III (-)   | AI37       | AppEnergy_exp  | kVA•h   |
| Corriente trifásica<br>(media)   | Three phase average current                              | I_AVG           | AI38       | AvgValCurr3Ph  | I_AVG   |
| Corriente de neutro              | Neutral current  | In              | AI39       | NeutralCurrent | In      |
| Potencia aparente L1             | Aparent power L1   | kVA             | AI40       | AppPwrPh1      | kVA     |
| Potencia aparente L2             | Aparent power L2   | kVA             | Al41       | AppPwrPh2      | kVA     |



| DESCRIPTION                    |                           | SYMBOL  | ID OBJECTS | OBJECT NAME       | UNITS |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|------------|-------------------|-------|
| Potencia aparente L3           | Aparent power L3          | kVA     | AI42       | AppPwrPh3         | kVA   |
| Potencia aparente<br>trifásica | Three phase aparent power | kVAIII  | AI43       | AppPw3Ph          | kVA   |
| Máxima demanda I1              | Maximum demand I1         | Md (A1) | AI44       | MaxDemand_A1      | А     |
| Máxima demanda I2              | Maximum demand I2         | Md(A2)  | AI45       | MaxDemand_A2      | А     |
| Máxima demanda 13              | Maximum demand I3         | Md(A3)  | AI46       | MaxDemand_A3      | А     |
| Máxima demanda A               | Maximum demand A          | AIII    | AI47       | MaxDemand_A       | А     |
| Máxima demanda kW              | Maximum demand kW         | kW III  | AI48       | MaxDemand_kW      | kW    |
| Máxima demanda kVA             | Maximum demand kVA        | kVA III | AI49       | MaxDemand_<br>kVA | kVA   |

## Analog Value Object Type

| 1. Dynamically creatable using BACr   | No                                  |             |  |  |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| 2. Dynamically deleatable using BAC   | net's DeleteObject service?         | No          |  |  |
| 3. List of optional properties supporte   | ed:                                 |             |  |  |
| 4. List of all properties that are writable where not otherwise required by this standard |                                     |             |  |  |
| 5. List of propietary properties:   |                                     |             |  |  |
| Property Identifier   | lentifier Property Datatype Meaning |             |  |  |
| 5. List of object identifiers and their meaning in this device                            |                                     |             |  |  |
| Object ID   | Object Name                         | Description |  |  |
| AV1   | MAC_Address                         | MAC         |  |  |
| AV2   | BaudRate                            | BAUD RATE   |  |  |
| AV3   | Device_ID                           | DEVICE ID   |  |  |

## Device Object Type

| 1. Dynamically creatable using BACnet's CreateObject service?     |                              | No                                       |  |
|---|------------------------------|--|--|
| 2. Dynamically deleatable using BAC                               | net's DeleteObject service?  | No                                       |  |
| 3. List of optional properties supporte                           | d:                           | Description, Protocolo_Conformance_Class |  |
| 4. List of all properties that are writab                         | le where not otherwise requi | red by this standard                     |  |
| Object_Name<br>Max_Master<br>Max_Info_Frames<br>Object_Identifier |                              |  |  |
| 5. List of propietary properties:                                 |                              |  |  |
| 5. List of any property value range res                           | strictions                   |  |  |
| Property Identifier   | Restrictions                 |  |  |
| Object_Name   | < 32 bytes                   |  |  |
| Object_Identifier   | Device Type only             |  |  |
| Number_Of_APDU_Retries  | 0-255                        |  |  |
| APDU_Timeout  | 0-65535 miliseconds          |  |  |
| Vendor_Identifier   | 0-65535                      |  |  |

## Data Link Layer Options (check all that supported):

| Х  | MS/TP master (Clause 9), baud rate(s): 9.6, 19.2kB/s                                      |
|--|---|
| Character Sets Supported (check all that apply): |   |
| Indicating                                       | support for multiple character set does not imply that they can all be supported simulta- |

neously. X ANSI X3.4

**Instruction Manual** 



## **5.- TECHNICAL FEATURES**

| AC Power supply       |                     |                                    |  |  |
|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Rated voltage         | 95 240              | V ~ ± 10%                          |  |  |
| Frequency             | 50                  | 50 60 Hz                           |  |  |
| Consumption           | 4 6 VA              |                                    |  |  |
| Installation category | CAT II              | CAT III 300 V                      |  |  |
| DC Power supply       |                     |                                    |  |  |
| Rated voltage         | 105 272 V === ± 10% | 23 109 V === ± 10% <sup>(14)</sup> |  |  |
| Consumption           | 2 6 W               | 3.5 3 W                            |  |  |
| Installation category | CAT III 300 V       |                                    |  |  |

<sup>(14)</sup> Only available for references M5591100F0000, M5592100F0000, M5592100F0V00, M5594200F00000 and M5596100F0000.

| Voltage measurement circuit                  |               |  |
|--|---------------|--|
| Rated voltage (Un)   300 V Ph-N, 520 V Ph-Ph |               |  |
| Voltage measurement margin                   | 5 120% Un     |  |
| Frequency measurement margin                 | 45 65Hz       |  |
| Input impedance                              | 440 kΩ        |  |
| Min. voltage measurement (Vstart)            | 10 V          |  |
| Installation category                        | CAT III 300 V |  |

| Current measurement circuit       |                                   |                             |  |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| CVM-C10-FLEX                      | Measure through Rogowski sensors. |                             |  |
|                                   | CVM-C10-ITF<br>CVM-C10-ITF-IN     | CVM-C10-MC<br>CVM-C10-MC-IN |  |
| Nominal current (In)              | /5A o/1 A                         | /0.250 A                    |  |
|                                   | CVM-C10-mV                        | CVM-C10-FLEX                |  |
|                                   | /0.333 V                          | /100 mV ~                   |  |
|                                   | CVM-C10-ITF-IN                    | CVM-C10-FLEX                |  |
| Noutral current measurement       | /5A o/1 A                         | /100 mV ~                   |  |
|                                   | CVM-C10-MC-IN                     |                             |  |
|                                   | /0.2                              | 250 A                       |  |
|                                   | CVM-C10-ITF<br>CVM-C10-ITF-IN     | CVM-C10-MC<br>CVM-C10-MC-IN |  |
| Current measurement margin        | 2 120% In                         | ≥ 10 ≤ 100% In              |  |
|                                   | CVM-C10-mV                        | CVM-C10-FLEX                |  |
|                                   | 2 120% In                         | 0.2 200% In                 |  |
|                                   | CVM-C10-ITF<br>CVM-C10-ITF-IN     | CVM-C10-MC<br>CVM-C10-MC-IN |  |
| Maximum current, impulse < 1s     | 100 A                             | 100 A                       |  |
|                                   | CVM-C10-mV                        | CVM-C10-FLEX                |  |
|                                   | 1.2 ln                            | 2 In                        |  |
|                                   | CVM-C10-ITF<br>CVM-C10-ITF-IN     | CVM-C10-MC<br>CVM-C10-MC-IN |  |
| Min. current measurement (Istart) | 10 mA                             | 0.2 % In                    |  |
|                                   | CVM-C10-mV                        | CVM-C10-FLEX                |  |
|                                   | 6.66 mV                           | 0.2 mV ~                    |  |



| (Continuation) Current measurement circuit |                               |                             |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  | CVM-C10-ITF<br>CVM-C10-ITF-IN | CVM-C10-MC<br>CVM-C10-MC-IN |
| Consumption                                | 0.9 VA                        | 0.18 VA                     |
|  | CVM-C10-mV                    | CVM-C10-FLEX                |
|  | 0.033 mVA                     | 0.004 VA                    |
| Installation category                      | CAT II                        | 300 V                       |

| Measurement accuracy        |  |   |                 |
|-----------------------------|--|---|-----------------|
| Model                       | CVM-C10-ITF<br>CVM-C10-ITF-IN          | CVM-C10-MC <sup>(17)</sup><br>CVM-C10-MC-IN <sup>(17)</sup> | CVM-C10-mV      |
| Voltage measurement         | 0.5% ± 1 digit                         | 0.5% ± 1 digit  | 0.5% ± 1 digit  |
| Current measurement         | 0.5% ± 1 digit                         | 0.5% ± 1 digit  | 0.5% ± 1 digit  |
| Frequency measurement       | 0.5%                                   | 0.5%  | 0.5%            |
| Active power measurement    | 0.5% ± 2 digits                        | 1% ± 2 digits   | 0.5% ± 2 digits |
| Reactive power measurement  | 1% ± 2 digits                          | 2% ± 2 digits   | 2% ± 2 digits   |
| Active energy measurement   | Class 0.5s <sup>(15)</sup> (I ≥ 0.1In) | Class 1   | Class 1         |
| Reactive energy measurement | Class 1 <sup>(16)</sup> (I ≥ 0.1In)    | Class 2   | Class 2         |

<sup>(15)</sup> According to IEC 62053-22.
 <sup>(16)</sup> According to IEC 62053-24.

<sup>(17)</sup> Measurement range:

|                   | PF:1         | PF:0.5       |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Measurement range | ≥ 10% ≤ 100% | ≥ 20% ≤ 100% |

| Measurement accuracy        |                   |                    |  |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|
| Madal                       | CVM-C10-FLEX (18) |                    |  |
| Moder                       | Without sensors   | With sensors       |  |
| Voltage measurement         | 0.5% ± 1 digit    | ± 0.5% + 1 decimal |  |
| Current measurement         | 0.5% ± 1 digit    | ± 3%               |  |
| Frecuency measurement       | 0.5%              | ± 0.5%             |  |
| Active power measurement    | 1% ± 2 digit      | ± 4%               |  |
| Reactive power measurement  | 1% ± 2 digit      | ± 4%               |  |
| Active energy measurement   | Class 1           | -                  |  |
| Reactive energy measurement | Class 2           | -                  |  |

(18) See section "3.3.- CVM-C10-FLEX: ROGOWSKI SENSORS"

| Pulse outputs (CVM-C10-ITF CVM-C10-MC and CVM-C10-mV) <sup>(19)</sup>                              |                                |  |
|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Quantity   | 2                              |  |
| Туре   | NPN ouputs                     |  |
| Maximum voltage  | 24 V                           |  |
| Maximum current  | 50 mA                          |  |
| Maximum frequency  | 16 impulses / sec              |  |
| Pulse width  | 30 ms to 500 ms (Programmable) |  |
| Relay outputs (CVM-C10-ITF, CVM-C10-ITF-IN, CVM-C10-MC, CVM-C10-MC-IN, CVM-C10-mV) <sup>(19)</sup> |                                |  |
| Quantity   | 2                              |  |
| Max. voltage open contacts   | 250 V ~                        |  |
| Maximum current  | 6 A                            |  |
| Maximum switching power  | 1500 W (AC1)                   |  |
| Electrical life (250 VAC / 5A)   | 60x10 <sup>3</sup> cycles      |  |
| Mechanical life  | 10x10 <sup>6</sup> cycles      |  |



| Digital inputs <sup>(19)</sup> |                            |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Quantity                       | 2                          |
| Туре                           | NPN Potential free contact |
| Insulation                     | optoisolated               |

<sup>(19)</sup> Must be connected to SELV circuit.

| Communications                          |                      |                                  |
|---|----------------------|----------------------------------|
|   | Modbus RTU           | BACnet                           |
| Bus                                     | RS-485               | MS/TP                            |
| Protocol                                | Modbus RTU           | BACnet                           |
| Baud rate                               | 9                    | 600 - 1920                       |
| Stop bits                               | 1 - 2                | 1                                |
| Parity                                  | without - even - odd | without                          |
|   | User interface       |                                  |
| Display                                 | LCD Custom COG       |                                  |
| Keyboard                                | Capacitive, 3 keys   |                                  |
| LED                                     | 3 LED                |                                  |
| Environmental features                  |                      |                                  |
| Operating temperature                   | -5                   | °C +45°C                         |
| Storage temperature -10°C +50°C         |                      | 0°C +50°C                        |
| Relative humidity (non-condensing)5 95% |                      | 5 95%                            |
| Maximum altitude                        | n altitude 2000 m    |                                  |
| Protection degree (20)                  | Front panel: IP      | IP31<br>51 (IP64 with accessory) |

<sup>(20)</sup> This pollution degree hasn't been tested by UL.

| Mechanical features    |                               |  |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Dimensions (Figure 35) | 96.7x96.7x62.5 mm             |  |
| Weight                 | 330 gr                        |  |
| Surround               | Self-extinguishing V0 plastic |  |
| Attachment             | Panel                         |  |

| Standards  |                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Safety of electronic measuring units   | UNE EN 61010: 2010         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electromagnetic compatibility (CEM). Part 6-3: Generic standards.<br>Emission standard for residential, commercial and light industry<br>environments. | UNE EN 61000-6-3:2007      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electromagnetic compatibility (CEM). Part 6-1: Generic standards.<br>Immunity in residential, commercial and light industry environments               | UNE EN 61000-6-1:2007      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coordination of the insulation of units installed in low voltage sys-<br>tems (networks).  | IEC 664:2007               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | VDE 0110                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Test for flammability of plastic materials for parts in devices and appliances   | UL 94                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Generic standards. Immunity for industrial environments   | BS EN 61000-6-2            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Generic standards. Emission standard for industrial environments  | BS EN 61000-6-4            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, con-<br>trol, and laboratory use - Part 1: General requirements                          | UL/CSA 61010-1 3rd edition |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |











## 6.- MAINTENANCE AND TECHNICAL SERVICE

In the case of any query in relation to unit operation or malfunction, please contact the **CIRCUTOR, SA** Technical Support Service.

#### **Technical Assistance Service**

Vial Sant Jordi, s/n, 08232 - Viladecavalls (Barcelona) Tel: 902 449 459 (España) / +34 937 452 919 (outside of Spain) email: sat@circutor.es

## 7.- GUARANTEE

**CIRCUTOR** guarantees its products against any manufacturing defect for two years after the delivery of the units.

**CIRCUTOR** will repair or replace any defective factory product returned during the guarantee period.

| <ul> <li>No returns will be accepted and no unit will be repaired or replaced if it is companied by a report indicating the defect detected or the reason for the ge, installation and maintenance instructions listed in this manual have n followed. "Improper usage" is defined as any operating or storage conditi trary to the national electrical code or that surpasses the limits indicated technical and environmental features of this manual.</li> <li>CIRCUTOR accepts no liability due to the possible damage to the unit. Consect this guarantee does not apply to failures occurring in the following cases:</li> <li>Overvoltages and/or electrical disturbances in the supply;</li> <li>Water, if the product does not have the appropriate IP classification;</li> <li>Poor ventilation and/or lack of maintenance;</li> <li>Buyer repairs or modifications without the manufacturer's authorisation.</li> </ul> | not ac-<br>return.<br>e stora-<br>ot been<br>on con-<br>d in the<br>pr other<br>n a pos-<br>quently, |
|--|--|
|--|--|

# 8.- CE CERTIFICATE

| Index de redes panel 96 x36         Power analyzer mounting panel 96 x36         analyseurs de réseaux tripha           20         Seres:         Seres:         Seres:         Seres:           20         CVM-CIO         CVM-CIO         CVM-CIO         CVM-CIO           21         Ancounting panel 96 x36         analyseurs de réseaux tripha         Seres:         Seres:           20         CVM-CIO         CVM-CIO         CVM-CIO         CVM-CIO         CVM-CIO           21         Ancounting panel 96 x36         Branci         C         CVM-CIO         CVM-CIO           21         Ancounting panel 40 x45         CVM-CIO         CVM-CIO         CVM-CIO         CVM-CIO           21         Ancounting panel 40 x45         Comonaction and the relevant tripication and the relevant tripication and the relevant tripication tripication for which it was tripicati |
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| 2R, SA – Vial Sant Jordi, s'n<br>idecavalls (Barcelona) Spain<br>452 900 – info@circutor.com | ONFORMITÀ UE<br>ormità viene rilasciata sotto<br>JTOR, con sede in<br>scavalls (Barcellona) Spagna  |           |  |        |         | DR.      | JR       | forme alla pertinente<br>Inione Europea, a condizione<br>utilizzato nell'ambito<br>adotto, secondo le norme di<br>ni del produttore.<br>4/30/UE Eletromagnetic Compatibility Diettive  | e o altri documenti normativi:  | 2 61326-1:2012 Ed 2.0<br>61006-4:206+MD1;2010 EV ed 2.1<br>61006-4:206+MD1;2010 EV ed 2.1<br>Anti-CUTOR, S.A.<br>Mar CUTOR, S.A.<br>Mar CUTOR, S.A.<br>Mar CUTOR, S.A.<br>Mar CUTOR, S.A.<br>Mar CUTOR, S.A.<br>Mar CUTOR, S.A. |                                    |  |
|--|---|-----------|--|--------|---------|----------|----------|--|---|---|------------------------------------|--|
| CIRCUTC<br>08232 VIIa<br>(+34) 937   | DICHIARAZIONE DI CO<br>DICHIARAZIONE DI CO<br>La presente dichiarazione di confi<br>la responsabilità esclusiva di CIRCI<br>Vial Sant Jordi, s/n – 08232 Vilade   | prodotto: | Analizzatori di reti pannello 96 x96           | Serie: | CVM-C10 | MARCHIO: | CIRCUTO  | L'oggetto della dichiarazione è con<br>normativa di armonizzazione dell'u<br>che venga installato, mantenuto e<br>dell'applicazione per cui è stato pro<br>installazione applicabili e le istruzio<br>2014/55/UE: RoNS2 Directive 201<br>2011/65/UE: RoNS2 Directive   | È conforme alle seguenti normativo  | IEC 61010-12010+MND12016 CV Fd 3.0 IE-<br>IEC 61000-6-2:2016 Ed 3.0 IEC<br>UL 61010-1, 3rd Edition, 2012-5  | Anno di marcatura "CE"; 2014       | 407/2017<br>rran Gil Torné                       |
|  | DECLARAÇÃO DA UE DE CONFORMIDADE<br>A presente declaração de conformidade é expedida sob a<br>exclusiva responsabilidade da CIRCUTOR com morada em<br>Vial Sant Jordi, s/n – 08232 Viladecavalls (Barcelona) Espanha        | Producto: | Analisadores de redes painel 96 x96            | Série: | CVM-C10 | Marca:   | CIRCUTOR | <ol> <li>O objeto da declaração está conforme a legislação de<br/>harmonização pertinente na UE, sempre que seja instalado,<br/>mantido e utilizado na aplicação para a qual foi fabricado, de<br/>acordo com as normas de instalação aplicáveis e as instruções do<br/>fabricante.</li> <li>2014/35/UE: Row Voltage Directive 2014/36/UE: RohS2 Directive</li> </ol>  | Está em conformidade com a(s) seguinte(s) norma(s) ou outro(s)<br>documento(s) normativo(s):                            | IEC 61010-1:2010+MMD1:2016 CV Ed 3.0 IEC 613 2.6-1:2012 Ed 2.0<br>IEC 61000-6-2:2016 Ed 3.0 IEC 6100-6-4:2006+AMD1:2010 CSV Ed 2.1<br>UL 61010-1, 3rd Edition, 2012-5   | Ano de marcação "CE"∷<br>2014      | Viladecavalls (Spain), 19<br>General Manager: Fe |
| 🧃 CIRCUTOR   | <b>CE</b><br><b>KONFORMITÄISERKLÄRUNG UE</b><br>Vorliegende Konformitätserklärung wird unter alleiniger<br>Verantwortung von CIRCUTOR mit der Anschrift, Vial Sant<br>Jordi, s/n – 08232 Viladecavalls (Barcelona) Spanien, | Produkt:  | Dreiphasen-Leistungsanalyser Schalttfel 96 x96 | Serie: | CVM-C10 | Marke:   | CIRCUTOR | Der Gegenstand der Konformitätserklärung ist konform mit der<br>geltenden Gesetzgebung zur Harmonisierung der EU, sofern die<br>Installation, Wartung undVerwendung der Anwendung seinem<br>Verwendungszweck entsprechend gemäß den geltenden<br>Installationsstandards und der Vorgaben des Herstellers erfolgt.<br>2014/35/UE: konVoltage Directive 2014/30/UE:Betromagnetic Compatibility Directive<br>2011/65/NIE: RahS2 Directive | Es besteht Konformität mit der/den folgender/folgenden<br>Norm/Normen oder sonstigem/sonstiger<br>Regelwerk/Regelwerken | IEC 610101-12016-CV Ed 3.0 IEC 61326-1:2012 Ed 2.0<br>IEC 61000-6-2:2016 Ed 3.0 IEC 61000-64:2006+AMD1:2010 CSV Ed 2.1<br>UL 61010-1, 3rd Edition, 2012-5   | Jahr der CE-Kennzeichnung:<br>2014 |  |

### **Instruction Manual**

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PL DEKLARACIA ZGODNOŚCI UE Niniejsza deklaracja zgodności zostaje wydana na wyłączną odpowiedzialność firmy CIRCUTOR z siedzibą pod adresem: Vial Sant Jordi, s/n – 08232 Viladecavalls (Barcelona) Hiszpania

produk:

analizator sieciowy tablicowy 96x96

Seria:

CVM-C10

marka:

CIRCUTOR

Przedmiot deklaracji jest zgodny z odnośnymi wymaganiami prawodawstwa harmoniżacyjnego w Umii Europojskiej pod warunkiem, że będzie instalowany, konserwowany i użytkowany zgodnie z przernaczeniem, dla którego został wyprodukowany, zgodnie z mającymi zastosowanie normami dotyczącymi instalacji oraz instrukcjami producenta

2014/35/UE: Low Voltage Directive 2014/30/UE: Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2011/65/UE: RoHS2 Directive

Jest zgodny z następującą(ymi) normą(ami) lub innym(i) dokumentem(ami) normatywnym(i): IEC 61010-1:2010+MD1:2016 CSV Ed 3:0 IEC 61326-1:2012 Ed 2:0 IEC 61000-6-2:2016 Ed 3:0 IEC 61000-64:2006+AMD1:2010 CSV Ed 2:1 UL 61010-1; 3:d Edition, 2012-5

Rok oznakowania "CE":

2014

CIRCUTOR, SA – Vial Sant Jordi, s/n 08232 Viladecavalls (Barcelona) Spain (+34) 937 452 900 – info@circutor.com



Viladecavalls (Spain), 19/07/2017 General Manager: Ferran Gil Torné





CIRCUTOR, SA Vial Sant Jordi, s/n 08232 -Viladecavalls (Barcelona) Tel.: (+34) 93 745 29 00 - Fax: (+34) 93 745 29 14 www.circutor.com central@circutor.com